Amos Wells A Bible Year A Course in Bible Reading



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A Bible Year: A Course In Bible Reading

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A Bible Year: A Course In Bible Reading

Completing The Entire Bible In One Year; With Daily Suggestions For Meditation And For Further Study

By Amos Russel Wells

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Preface

This LITTLE BOOK pretends to be nothing more than a primer of Biblereading.

Actual experiment has proved the need and usefulness of such directions as are here given. For a year, week by week, these studies were printed in the columns of *The Christian Endeavor World*. A call was made for the names of all that would undertake to read the Bible through in accordance with this plan during the year; and without advertisement or urging, more than nine thousand sent in their names. Hundreds and even thousands of these expressed themselves as thankful for the plan, and said that, though they had often proposed reading the Bible through and had frequently set out upon the task, this plan had furnished just the stimulus and aid needed to spur them to its completion.

These Bible-readers were in all parts of America and in many foreign lands. Indeed, the course was translated into several foreign tongues.

Pastors induced their churches to take up the work, Families read the Bible thus together, Sunday-school teachers used the plan as an incentive to their classes for regular home Bible-reading and study. Some that had never read the Bible for three days in succession, completed the entire course. Some in their eagerness got far ahead, and read the Bible through twice in the year.

The plan was found useful in prisons. Ministers of the gospel testified that even to them it had opened up fresh gospel truth. "The Bible has become a new book to me," was a frequent message.

Though it was understood that the themes for daily meditation suggested by the daily Scripture reading, as well as the hints for further study, were entirely optional, an unexpectedly large number wrote me that they were adding both to their Bible-reading, and found in both great profit.

These suggestions for further study, it will be understood, do not pretend to anything like completeness or scholarship. They are part of a primer, and merely point out a great variety of simple researches that will throw light upon the Bible, and bind its portions more closely together in the mind. Amos R. WELLS.

Boston, November, 1899.

The First Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Genesis, chapters 1, 2, 3. Creation.
- MONDAY Genesis, chapters 4, 5, 6, 7. Noah.
- TUESDAY. Genesis, chapters 8. 9, 10, 11. Babel.
- WEDNESDAY Genesis, chapters 12, 13, 14, 15, 16. Abraham.
- THURSDAY Genesis, chapters 17, 18, 19. Lot.
- FRIDAY Genesis, chapters 20, 21, 22, 23. Abraham.
- SATURDAY Genesis, chapters 24, 25. *Isaac*.

Genesis

The book of Genesis covers more time than all the rest of the Bible put together. "Genesis" means "beginning; it is a book of origins. The first five books of the Bible are called the *Pentateuch*, a word which means"five books." If Joshua is included, the section is called the *Hexateuch*. The Hebrew Bible names the books of the Pentateuch from their first words. The name of this book, therefore, is in Hebrew, "In the beginning." The Pentateuch is "The Book of the Law," or *Torah*. The author of Genesis is Moses, who probably made use of earlier documents, but who, under divine inspiration, bound them all together into an authentic history.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How great and good is God!
- MONDAY How hateful and terrible is sin!
- TUESDAY. How God rebukes human pride. (Babel.)
- WEDNESDAY The greatness that comes from obedience.
- THURSDAY The mischief of worldliness.

- FRIDAY How God may be testing me.
- SATURDAY The rewards of simple kindliness. (Rebecca at the well.)

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY The remarkable correspondence between the Bible order of creation and that disclosed by geology.
- MONDAY How the modern races are divided in descent from Noah's three sons.
- TUESDAY. The most significant names in chapter 10. Look them up in the Bible dictionary.
- WEDNESDAY The geography of Abraham's journeys.
- THURSDAY References, in other parts of the Bible, to the great covenant with Abraham.
- FRIDAY Correspondences between the sacrifice of Isaac and that of Christ.
- SATURDAY Go over these twenty-five chapters, underscoring in each a significant word or two that may stand as the title of the chapter.

The Second Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Genesis, chapters 26, 27. Jacob and Esau.
- MONDAY Genesis, chapters 28, 39, 30. Jacob and Laban.
- TUESDAY. Genesis, chapters 31, 32. Jacob and the angel.
- WEDNESDAY Genesis, chapters 33, 34, 35, 36. Jacob.
- THURSDAY Genesis, chapters 37, 38, 39. Joseph sold.
- FRIDAY Genesis, chapters 40, 41. Joseph and Pharaoh.
- SATURDAY Genesis, chapters 42, 43, 44. Joseph and his brethren.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How am I my brother's keeper?
- MONDAY God's angels are round about me.
- TUESDAY. Am I opposing my will to God's?
- WEDNESDAY Are there any whom I need to forgive?
- THURSDAY How envy will make me a murderer at heart.
- FRIDAY Do I lack wisdom? Whence it comes.
- SATURDAY God controls the fortunes of men.

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Other significant Bible names such as "Jacob, the Supplanter."
- MONDAY Study the famous Bible dreams, making a list of them.
- TUESDAY. Other covenants in the Bible, compared with the Mizpah covenant.
- WEDNESDAY The pillars Jacob set up, and similar memorials throughout the Bible.
- THURSDAY Are the brothers the Bible tells about, on the whole, to be imitated or shunned as examples?
- FRIDAY Compare this with the dream Daniel interpreted.
- SATURDAY Go through the week's readings, underscoring in each a significant word or phrase that may stand as the title of the chapter.

The Third Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Genesis, chapters 45, 46, 47. Joseph's power.
- MONDAY Genesis, chapters 48, 49, 50. Jacob's death.
- TUESDAY. Review. Genesis deals chiefly with six men. Mark in your Bible the place where each of these six biographies begins. Go over the book of Genesis marking the passages that you will wish to refer to most often, because they are most helpful.

- WEDNESDAY Exodus, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. *Moses*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- THURSDAY Exodus, chapters 5, 6, 7, 8. *Plagues*.
- FRIDAY Exodus, chapters 9, 10, 11. *Plagues*.
- SATURDAY Exodus, chapters 12, 13, 14. *Passover*.

Exodus

With this week we begin a new book. Exodus, crowded with Egyptian words and ideas and with terms taken from the wilderness journeys, could have been written by no one of a later time than Moses, its great author. Its name is taken from the Greek translation, the Septuagint, and means "the going out" (from Egypt). It is divided into three parts: (1) Chapters 1-18, history; (2) chapters 19-24, laws; (3) chapters 25-40, worship. The book paints in a masterly way the beginnings of a nation.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How am I honoring my father and mother?
- MONDAY What kind of death-bed am I preparing for myself?
- TUESDAY. How can I gain for my life Abraham's courageous faithfulness, Jacob's zeal, Joseph's wisdom?
- WEDNESDAY God has a message for me to give. Am I proclaiming it?
- THURSDAY How my troubles are caused by my sins.
- FRIDAY Am I persisting in any known sin, like Pharaoh?
- SATURDAY Christ my Passover. Is he really this to me?

- SUNDAY Look ahead, by means of a concordance, and note some of the influences of Egypt over the Hebrews' later history.
- MONDAY The fulfillment of the prophecies contained in Jacob's last words.
- TUESDAY. Sum up, in two or three words each, the characters of the six men of Genesis: Adam, Noah, Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Joseph.
- WEDNESDAY Look up the localities mentioned in to-day's chapters.

- THURSDAY Evidences lately found (see Bible dictionary) of the actual work of the Hebrews in Egypt.
- FRIDAY Study (in Bible dictionary) the natural forces of which God may have made use in performing these miracles.
- SATURDAY Go over these fourteen chapters, marking in each a characteristic word or two that may stand as the title of the chapter.

The Fourth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Exodus, chapters 15, 16, 17, 18. Manna
- MONDAY Exodus, chapters 19, 20, 21. Sinai.
- TUESDAY. Exodus, chapters 22, 23, 24. *Laws*.
- WEDNESDAY Exodus, chapters 25, 26, 27. *Tabernacle*.
- THURSDAY Exodus, chapters 28, 29. Priesthood.
- FRIDAY Exodus, chapters 30, 31, 32. *Idolatry*.
- SATURDAY Exodus, chapters 33, 34, 35. *Forgiveness*.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY God will always provide for his children.
- MONDAY Do I keep the spirit of each of the Ten Commandments?
- TUESDAY. How I am to get up in the Mount with God.
- WEDNESDAY What is my real heart attitude toward God's sanctuary?
- THURSDAY How I, as God's priest, may bear the mystic sign, "Holiness to the Lord."
- FRIDAY The gold calves before which I worship.
- SATURDAY What offerings for his service does God want me to give him?

- SUNDAY Read the Bible-dictionary account of manna.
- MONDAY Look up Christ's teachings with regard to each of the Ten Commandments.
- TUESDAY. Consider how each of these laws was suited to the especial condition of the Hebrews at that time.
- WEDNESDAY Read the Bible-dictionary account of the construction and contents of the Tabernacle.
- THURSDAY Study, in the Bible dictionary, the ephod, breastplate, and Urim and Thummim.
- FRIDAY Investigate the question of taxes among the Hebrews.
- SATURDAY Go through the twenty-one chapters read this week, marking in each some characteristic word or phrase that will serve as a title for the chapter.

The Fifth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Exodus, chapters 36, 37, 38. *Tabernacle*.
- MONDAY Exodus, chapters 39, 40. *Dedication*.
- TUESDAY. Review. Mark in your Bibles the four divisions of the book: *Slavery* (chapters 1-6); *Salvation* (chapters 7-18); *Sinai* (chapters 19-34); *Service* (chapters 35-40). Run your eye over the book, and mark in the margin all passages that you think likely to be of especial helpfulness to you in the future.
- WEDNESDAY Leviticus, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. *Offerings: burnt, meal, peace, sin.* (Read the introduction to the book given below.)
- THURSDAY Leviticus, chapters 5, 6, 7. *Trespass offerings*.
- FRIDAY Leviticus, chapters 8, 9, 10. Consecration and desecration.
- SATURDAY Leviticus, chapters 11, 12, 13. Clean and unclean.

Leviticus

This book is so named because it is chiefly made up of directions for the Levites given by Moses, and to him by God on Mount Sinai. There are only three bits of narrative in the book: the consecration of the priests, the story of Nadab and Abihu, and the stoning of the blasphemer. The time covered is only one month. The book contains one priceless verse, the "second commandment" that Christ quoted. Its laws may seem at first without much meaning for us, but the more we study them, the more we are filled with admiration for their strong common sense; and when we go still deeper, we see in them the most wonderful and inspiring foregleams of gospel truths.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How may I adorn God's most sacred temple, my own soul?
- MONDAY Have I God's actual presence in my soul? If not, why not?
- TUESDAY. The bondage in which I am still held, and how I may get out of my Egypt.
- WEDNESDAY How great are my sins!
- THURSDAY Christ is my sacrifice for sin. What do I owe him in return?
- FRIDAY Am I offering strange fire on God's altar?
- SATURDAY Is my daily life so ordered as to contribute to holiness?

- SUNDAY Draw for your Bible a careful plan of the Tabernacle, putting each article in its proper place.
- MONDAY In connection with the breastplate, it will be of interest to look up the Bible mention of precious stones.
- TUESDAY. Make a list of the characteristics of that greatest of men, Moses, as disclosed in this book.
- WEDNESDAY Distinguish among these various offerings, (1) their purposes; (2) their manner.
- THURSDAY Draw up a table of these five kinds of offerings, reducing the matter to its simplest terms.
- FRIDAY Compare the case of Nadab and Abihu with other cases of desecration mentioned in the Bible.
- SATURDAY Consider the reasons for the Mosaic restrictions as to food, and learn their consequences in the health of the Jews.

The Sixth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Leviticus, chapters 14, 15. Leprosy.
- MONDAY Leviticus, chapters 16, 17, 18. *The scapegoat*.
- TUESDAY. Leviticus, chapters 19, 20, 21. Wise laws.
- WEDNESDAY Leviticus, chapters 22, 23, 24. *Feasts*.
- THURSDAY Leviticus, chapters 25, 26. *Jubilee*.
- FRIDAY Leviticus, chapter 27 and review. Go through the hook, marking plainly in your Bibles the beginning of each of the six divisions; namely, (1) *Offerings* (chapters 1-7); (2) *Priesthood* (chapters 8-10); (3) *Cleanliness* (chapters 11-16); (4) *Holiness* (chapters 17-22); (5) *Feasts* (chapter 23); (6) *Laws* (Chapters 24-27). Pass rapidly over these chapters, and mark in the margin any passage likely to prove helpful to you hereafter.
- SATURDAY Numbers, chapters 1, 2. *A census*.

Numbers

The book takes its name from the two censuses, the one at the beginning and the other at the end of the wanderings in the wilderness. The length of time described is thirty-eight years and three months. The point of closest contact with the New Testament is the marvelously beautiful episode of the brazen serpent. The book records many fragments of ancient poetry, such as the "*Song of the Weir*" (21:17, 18). The story of Numbers is one of sin and punishment, of murmuring and rebuke, of presumption and postponement. It is a sad book, and yet full of hope.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY The leprosy of sin: is it growing upon me?
- MONDAY How I may lay my sins on Christ.
- TUESDAY. Do I love my neighbor as myself? (Leviticus 19: 18.)

- WEDNESDAY How may I make my Sabbaths genuine festivals of joy before God?
- THURSDAY How many of the curses of chapter 26 do I deserve?
- FRIDAY Am I giving to God as much as the tithe? Should I?
- SATURDAY What place would be assigned me in the mustering of God's true Israel?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Read the Bible-dictionary account of the various diseases comprehended in the Bible under the term, "leprosy."
- MONDAY Look back over what we have read, and note how often there comes up the idea of atonement for sin through means outside the sinner.
- TUESDAY. Review these three chapters, considering how many of these laws are still needed by the world.
- WEDNESDAY Read the Bible-dictionary account of the Jewish year.
- THURSDAY Write down in your Bible all the advantages you can think of that sprung from the year of jubilee.
- FRIDAY It would be a most valuable exercise to go over the whole of Leviticus, marking in some way every provision that has been outgrown by the changed conditions of the world. Consider the spirit of each law, of course, rather than its formal details, and you will be astonished to see how little you have had to mark.
- SATURDAY Get an idea of the size of the tribes by drawing squares proportioned to the numbers of each. Put this drawing on a blank page of your Bible.

The Seventh Week

Sections for Daily Reading

• SUNDAY – Numbers, chapters 3, 4. *Levites*.

- MONDAY Numbers, chapters 5, 6. *Lepers and Nazarites*.
- TUESDAY. Numbers, chapters 7, 8. Princely offerings.
- WEDNESDAY Numbers, chapters 9, 10, 11. *The quails*.
- THURSDAY Numbers, chapters 12, 13, 14. Caleb.
- FRIDAY Numbers, chapters 15, 16. *Korah*.
- SATURDAY Numbers, chapters 17, 18, 19. Aaron's rod.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY May God show me some practical way in which, like the Levites, I may minister in his house!
- MONDAY How I ought to separate myself, like the Nazarites, to the Lord.
- TUESDAY. Have I really dedicated my possessions to God? How can I do it?
- WEDNESDAY How God has borne with my foolish complainings.
- THURSDAY What land has God set before me for conquest? Am I a Caleb toward this task?
- FRIDAY God's terrible hatred of sin; am I provoking it?
- SATURDAY My work is dead, like Aaron's rod; but God can easily bring it to blossom and fruitage.

- SUNDAY Write in appropriate places on your plan of the Tabernacle the names of the divisions of the Levites that had charge of each portion. Compare this account with modern ideas of the pastorate.
- MONDAY Study the famous Nazarites of the Bible, making a list of them. See Bible dictionary.
- TUESDAY. Study the shekel, and make an estimate of the value of these gifts.
- WEDNESDAY Study the references in the rest of the Bible to the pillar of cloud and fire.
- THURSDAY Get from the Bible dictionary a comprehensive notion of the Holy Land at this time– the people that inhabited it and their disposition over the country. Investigate the reference to "giants."
- FRIDAY Study the offences for which in Bible times the penalty of stoning was imposed.

• SATURDAY – Study the various gifts which the people were commanded to give for the support of their representatives, the Levites. Consider how well these would support them.

The Eighth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Numbers, chapters 20, 21, 22. *The brazen serpent*.
- MONDAY Numbers, chapters 23, 24, 25, 26. *Balaam*.
- TUESDAY. Numbers, chapters 27, 28, 29. *Joshua*.
- WEDNESDAY Numbers, chapters 30, 31, 32. Vows and conquest.
- THURSDAY Numbers, chapters 33, 34, 35. Cities of refuge.
- FRIDAY Numbers, chapter 36, and review.
- SATURDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 1. 2. *Reminiscence*. Read the account of Deuteronomy given below.

Deuteronomy

This great book is chiefly made up of three addresses by Moses just before the entrance into the Holy Land: (1) chapters 1 to 4:40. a rehearsal of God's goodness; (2) chapters 5 to 26, a review of the law, for the ears of this second generation; (3) chapters 27 to 30, a renewal of the covenant. It is from section 2 that the book takes its name, "the second law." Deuteronomy closes with the final scenes in the life of the great lawgiver, these portions being necessarily written by another hand than his. Note while reading the book the many striking prophecies, the passage that Christ quotes as the chief of all the commandments, and the three sentences with which Christ frustrated Satan's three temptations. Note, too, the grandeur of the style and the magnificence and force of the appeals.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY A life for a look! How am I looking to Jesus?
- MONDAY Am I using to the full for Christ my power of speech?
- TUESDAY. Moses' sin kept him from the Promised Land. Is any sin of mine keeping me from such joy?
- WEDNESDAY What vows have I taken upon myself? Am I faithful to them?
- THURSDAY Christ is my city of refuge. What need have I to flee to him?
- FRIDAY My Christian inheritance: what it is. Am I in danger of losing it?
- SATURDAY Before what Anakim am I cowering?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Look up the references in the New Testament to the brazen serpent and the water of Meribah.
- MONDAY Find the interesting references to Balaam in the rest of the Bible, both Old and New Testaments.
- TUESDAY. Study the thought of atonement in chapters 28 and 29.
- WEDNESDAY Consider the sanitary and moral reasons for the stern provisions of chapter 31.
- THURSDAY Study with the aid of a map the outline of Israel's territory as given in chapter 34.
- FRIDAY Go through the entire book, marking the passages which have chiefly impressed you as worthy to be remembered. You might use red ink to mark those passages that point forward to Christ.
- SATURDAY Learn from the map the geographical position of the peoples named in these two chapters.

The Ninth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 3, 4. *Obey God*.
- MONDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 5, 6, 7. *The law of worship*.
- TUESDAY. Deuteronomy, chapters 8, 9, 10. A record of rebellion.
- WEDNESDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 11, 12, 13. The doom of *idolaters*.
- THURSDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 14, 15, 16. Food. The poor.
- FRIDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 17, 18, 19, 20. The coming Prophet.
- SATURDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 21, 22, 23. Crimes and criminals.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Am I seeking God. with all my heart? (Deuteronomy 4: 29.)
- MONDAY Is my bearing what it should he toward those that are. not Christians?
- TUESDAY. By what sins have I rebelled against God?
- WEDNESDAY How may I uproot idolatry from my life?
- THURSDAY My duty to those that are poorer than I: am I fulfilling it?
- FRIDAY Am I hearkening to Christ's words? (See Deuteronomy 18: 19.)
- SATURDAY How may I become more faithful to my religious vows? (See Deuteronomy 23: 21-23.)

- SUNDAY Locate on the map Pisgah and the cities of refuge; also look up as many more of the geographical references as you have time for.
- MONDAY Compare the Ten Commandments as given here with those in Exodus.
- TUESDAY. Look up some of the later references in the Bible to the table of the law.
- WEDNESDAY Read some account of the evils of idolatry in the time of Moses.
- THURSDAY Learn about the animals mentioned in chapter 14.
- FRIDAY Review the other prophetical hints of Christ that we have come across, similar to that at the close of chapter 18.
- SATURDAY Basing your inquiry on Deuteronomy 23: 19, 20, learn what the Bible has to say about the lending of money.

The Tenth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 24, 25, 26. Marriage. Mercy. Tithes.
- MONDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 27, 28. Blessings and curses.
- TUESDAY. Deuteronomy chapters 29, 30, 31. Keep the covenant.
- WEDNESDAY Deuteronomy, chapters 32, 33, 34. Moses' song, blessing, death.
- THURSDAY Review. Pass rapidly over the book, marking in the margin the most striking passages, and indicating with red those in any way connected with Christ.
- FRIDAY Joshua, chapters 1,2,3. *Joshua at the Jordan*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- SATURDAY Joshua, chapters 4, 5, 6. The fall of Jericho.

Joshua

The book was chiefly written by Joshua, with additions by later historians. It introduces the second division of the Bible, the Historical Books. It describes the conquest and division of Canaan, the renewal of the covenant, the death of Joshua. Part of the book is the spirited recital of heroic deeds; part is occupied with most valuable geographical information.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY I have chosen God, and He me. (Deuteronomy 26: 17-19.)
- MONDAY My final lot.will be blessing or cursing, as I deserve.
- TUESDAY. Sins of which I need to repent.
- WEDNESDAY God's goodness; my ingratitude.
- THURSDAY The majesty of God's law. What is my attitude toward it?
- FRIDAY God's power can overcome all obstacles for His children.
- SATURDAY My power lies not in my might, but in my obedience.

- SUNDAY Make a study of the Bible precepts enjoining care of the poor.
- MONDAY Find Ebal and Gerizim on the map. Learn what other great events occurred in that region.
- TUESDAY. Look up other references in the Old Testament to this "Book of the Law." (Deuteronomy 31:9.)
- WEDNESDAY Analyze the structure of this beautiful poem, and find its central purpose.
- THURSDAY Consider what portions of Deuteronomy are commentaries and repetitions, and what are original additions to the law.
- FRIDAY Compare this account with that of the passage of the Red Sea.
- SATURDAY Study the position of Jericho, and the New Testament references to Rahab and to the fall of Jericho.

The Eleventh Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Joshua, chapters 7, 8, 9. The capture of Ai.
- MONDAY Joshua, chapters 10, 11, 12. *The conquest of kings*.
- TUESDAY. Joshua, chapters 13, 14, 15. Caleb honored.
- WEDNESDAY Joshua, chapters 16, 17, 18, 19. The land apportioned.
- THURSDAY Joshua, chapters 20, 21, 22. *The altar of testimony*.
- FRIDAY Joshua, chapters 23, 24. Joshua's last words.
- SATURDAY Review rapidly the entire book, marking in the margin the most striking passages. It will be well to give a title to each chapter.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY My disobedience to God will defeat my life.
- MONDAY No power is too great for me to overcome with God's help.
- TUESDAY. God will prolong my strength only as I, like Caleb, use it for Him.
- WEDNESDAY God has some rich inheritance set apart and waiting for me.
- THURSDAY No good thing (Joshua 21:45) that God promises will ever fail.
- FRIDAY How little of my blessings are to be credited to myself! (Joshua 24:13.)
- SATURDAY If I am on God's side, I cannot be defeated.

- SUNDAY Study the other instances given in the Bible where defeat followed disobedience, and victory followed obedience.
- MONDAY Become familiar with the proper names of this chapter.

- TUESDAY. Review the story of Caleb, marking with one color all passages referring to him.
- WEDNESDAY Fix in your mind by means of the map the location of each of the tribes.
- THURSDAY Mark plainly on the map the Levitical cities and the cities of refuge.
- FRIDAY Make a study of the farewell addresses given in the Bible.
- SATURDAY Study the character of Joshua as disclosed in this book, and sum it up, in as few words as possible, in the margin of your Bible.

The Twelfth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Judges, chapters 1, 2, 3. Othniel and Ehud. Read the introduction to the book given below.
- MONDAY Judges, chapters 4, 5, 6. Deborah and Barak.
- TUESDAY. Judges, chapters 7, 8. Gideon.
- WEDNESDAY Judges, chapters 9, 10. Abimelech.
- THURSDAY Judges, chapters 11, 12, 13. Jephthah and Manoah.
- FRIDAY Judges, chapters 14, 15, 16. Samson.
- SATURDAY Judges, chapters 17, 18, 19. Micah.

Judges

This book covers a little more than three centuries of Jewish history. Its authorship is uncertain; Jewish tradition ascribes it to Samuel, although portions belong to earlier times, and a few references must have been incorporated later. The book, with its repeated accounts of idolatry, punishment, and deliverance by men raised up by God, is full of solemn warnings. The story is told of thirteen of these deliverers, reaching from the time of Joshua to that of Samuel.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Is any stubbornness of mine (2:19) provoking God's wrath?
- MONDAY God will deliver my Sisera into my hand.
- TUESDAY. Would I be one of Gideon's three hundred?
- WEDNESDAY Have I chosen (9:8-15) the bramble to be my king?
- THURSDAY How does my regard for my word compare with Jephthah's?
- FRIDAY The enticements Satan weaves around me. My attitude toward them.
- SATURDAY While so many are in darkness seeking the light, how am I using the full light I have?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Read what the Bible dictionary says about the judges.
- MONDAY Make a list of the women of the Bible who, like Deborah, were at the head of affairs.
- TUESDAY. Study the Bible references to the Midianites.
- WEDNESDAY Make a collection of Old Testament parables, such as 9:8-15.
- THURSDAY Study the various occasions in the Bible when angelic announcement has been made of the birth of a child.
- FRIDAY Make a special study of the Philistines.
- SATURDAY Study the references throughout the Bible to the tribe and the city of Dan.

The Thirteenth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

• SUNDAY – Judges, chapters 20, 21. *The desolation of Benjamin*. Review rapidly the entire book, marking the most helpful passages, if you have

time, and giving a title to each chapter.

- MONDAY The book of Ruth. *Fidelity and reward*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- TUESDAY. 1 Samuel, chapters 1, 2, 3. *A young prophet*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- WEDNESDAY 1 Samuel, chapters 4, 5, 6, 7. God's power attested.
- THURSDAY 1 Samuel, chapters 8, 9, 10. Saul anointed.
- FRIDAY 1 Samuel, chapters 11, 12, 13. Saul's sacrifice.
- SATURDAY 1 Samuel, chapters 14, 15. Saul's sin.

Ruth

This book is the natural connecting link between the story of the judges and that of the kings. It covers ten years at the close of the judgeship of Eli or the beginning of that of Samuel. The concluding verses would imply that the book was written after the time of David, but probably not long after. Several curious and valuable pieces of information concerning Hebrew customs are given us in this book, but its chief importance is in its picture of David's great-grandmother, the gentle, noble ancestress of our Lord.

First and Second Samuel

These books are really one, and they received their name manifestly not from their author, but because he is the principal character of the first portion. The work consists of three biographies – Samuel's, Saul's, and David's. It is not known when or by whom it was compiled, but the compiler doubtless had access to the books of Samuel, Nathan, and Gad (1 Chronicles 29:29), the official records of the kingdom, and David's personal memoirs.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY I cannot sin without involving many others in my sorrow.
- MONDAY Am I true to those that have the closest claim upon me?
- TUESDAY. Let me make my heart so innocent and obedient that God can commune with me.

- WEDNESDAY God is a holy and jealous God.
- THURSDAY Is God, or some human being or influence, the supreme ruler of my life?
- FRIDAY Whole hearted service (chapter 12:24).
- SATURDAY Am I offering to God any empty excuses for disobedience?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Go over the book of Judges, marking in some conspicuous way the beginning of the account of each judge, and placing in connection with it a word or two indicative of his or her character.
- MONDAY Study the rights and duties of kinsmen among the Hebrews, especially with regard to marriage.
- TUESDAY. Study what is known about the organized worship of the Hebrews at this time.
- WEDNESDAY Study the various Bible references to the ark of the covenant, especially those concerning its miraculous power.
- THURSDAY Study the significance of anointing in the Bible, and its manner.
- FRIDAY Study the accounts throughout the Old Testament of the interference of the royal families with the priests.
- SATURDAY Find the conspicuous examples in the Bible of the casting of lots.

The Fourteenth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 1 Samuel, chapters 16, 17. David anointed. Goliath.
- MONDAY 1 Samuel, chapters 18, 19, 20. David and Jonathan.
- TUESDAY. 1 Samuel, chapters 21, 22, 23, 24. David in exile.
- WEDNESDAY 1 Samuel, chapters 25, 26. *Abigail*.
- THURSDAY 1 Samuel, chapters 27, 28, 29, 30. *The witch of En-dor*.

- FRIDAY 1 Samuel, chapter 31. 2 Samuel, chapters 1, 2. Saul's death. David king.
- SATURDAY 2 Samuel, chapters 3, 4, 5. *Jerusalem captured*.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Have I yielded my weakness to God, that he may do with it what he will?
- MONDAY What more should I do for my friends than I am doing?
- TUESDAY. Am I showing a Christian spirit to my enemies?
- WEDNESDAY Do I cherish toward any one such jealousy as Saul showed?
- THURSDAY Let me seek God instinctively in all trouble, and not seek such guidance as Saul sought.
- FRIDAY God always rewards his faithful servants.
- SATURDAY 1 can never get real advantage from the evil deed of another man.

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Study what the Bible has to say about giants.
- MONDAY Make a list of the conspicuous friendships of which the Bible gives accounts.
- TUESDAY. Draw an outline map showing, as nearly as you can, where David lived during those years of exile.
- WEDNESDAY Compare the story of David and Abigail with the love stories of other great men whose lives we have already studied.
- THURSDAY Make a study of the Bible references to sorcery, witchery, magic.
- FRIDAY Suicide in the Bible, and the Bible view of the crime.
- SATURDAY Study the history of the Jebusites and of Jerusalem up to this time.

The Fifteenth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 2 Samuel, chapters 6, 7, 8, 9. *The ark restored*.
- MONDAY 2 Samuel, chapters 10, 11, 12. *David's great sin*.
- TUESDAY. 2 Samuel, chapters 13, 14. *Absalom's exile*.
- WEDNESDAY 2 Samuel, chapters 15, 16, 17. *Absalom's conspiracy*.
- THURSDAY 2 Samuel, chapters 18, 19. *Absalom's death*.
- FRIDAY 2 Samuel, chapters 20, 21, 22. *Thanksgiving*.
- SATURDAY 2 Samuel, chapters 23, 24. *David's deeds*.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Not all good deeds are good for me to do. Let God direct me.
- MONDAY Is my heart pure?
- TUESDAY. My duty toward those that are estranged from each other.
- WEDNESDAY My desire for men's good opinion: is it an unselfish desire?
- THURSDAY Selfishness is never safe.
- FRIDAY God is the cause and source of all my blessings.
- SATURDAY God is my everlasting covenant (chapter 23:5).

- SUNDAY Write in a few sentences the history of the ark up to this time.
- MONDAY Compare the morality of Hebrew rulers with that of the rulers of other ancient nations.
- TUESDAY. Bring together other instances in which rulers have been persuaded by such interviews as the woman of Tekoah's.
- WEDNESDAY Study ancient Hebrew methods of administering justice.
- THURSDAY Make a study of the bad sons of whom the Bible gives an account.
- FRIDAY Investigate the officers mentioned in chapter 20:23-26. What were their duties?
- SATURDAY The census among the Hebrews: what it meant, and why David was punished for his.

The Sixteenth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Review. Pass rapidly over the books of Samuel, giving titles to the various chapters, and marking the passages you have found most helpful.
- MONDAY 1 Kings, chapters 1, 2. *Adonijah and Solomon*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- TUESDAY. 1 Kings, chapters 3, 4, 5. Solomon's choice.
- WEDNESDAY 1 Kings, chapters 6, 7. Solomon's temple.
- THURSDAY 1 Kings, chapter 8. *The dedication*.
- FRIDAY 1 Kings, chapters 9, 10, 11. *The Queen of Sheba*.
- SATURDAY 1 Kings, chapters 12, 13. The Great Division.

The Two Books of Kings

The Hebrews originally treated these two books as one, and it was not until the Greek translation, called the Septuagint, was made, that it was broken up into two books. The author refers to "The Acts of Solomon," and often to two other works, the Chronicles of the Kings of Judah and of Israel. None of these sources of information have survived. The tradition of the Jews is that the books of Kings were written by Jeremiah, and certain portions bear remarkable resemblance to his writings; but much of the books is so vivid that Jeremiah, if he was indeed the compiler, must have used accounts contemporary with the events.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How happy would David's life have been, but for his sin! Is it not so with mine?
- MONDAY Self-pushing always comes to grief. Am I guilty of it, in thought or act?
- TUESDAY. The choices God has offered me, and my selection.

- WEDNESDAY Am I contributing as I should to the building of the temple in which God now dwells his church?
- THURSDAY Have I the feeling with regard to prayer expressed by Solomon in his great prayer?
- FRIDAY Have I such earnestness in the pursuit of wisdom as the Queen of Sheba showed?
- SATURDAY The infinite consequences that will follow any sinful deed of mine.

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Study David's character, and discover why Christ is so often spoken of as "the Son of David," rather than "of Abraham."
- MONDAY Make a study of Zadok, as an indication of the position held by the priesthood in those days.
- TUESDAY. Find out from the Bible dictionary what is known about Solomon from other sources than the Bible.
- WEDNESDAY Bead in the Bible dictionary the account of the successive temples, and the comparison between them.
- THURSDAY Compare for an instructive contrast this prayer of Solomon's with Christ's in John 17.
- FRIDAY Find out what you can about the region from which the Queen of Sheba came.
- SATURDAY Prepare an outline map of the divided kingdom. Place in the lower portion, as we come to them, the names of the successive kings of Judah, and in the upper portion the names of Israel's kings.

The Seventeenth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 1 Kings, chapters 14, 15, 16. Jeroboam. Asa. Ahab.
- MONDAY 1 Kings, chapters 17, 18. *Elijah on Carmel*.

- TUESDAY. I Kings, chapters 19, 20, 21. *Elijah at Horeb. Naboth.*
- WEDNESDAY 1 Kings, chapter 22. 2 Kings, chapter 1. *Elijah and Ahaziah*.
- THURSDAY 2 Kings, chapters 2, 3, 4. *Elijah's translation. Elisha*.
- FRIDAY 2 Kings, chapters 5, 6, 7. *Elisha's deeds*.
- SATURDAY 2 Kings, chapters 8, 9. Jehu and Jezebel.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Perfect heart, imperfect action (chapter 15:14).
- MONDAY Let me fear nothing, if only God is on my side.
- TUESDAY. How great a revelation of God may I hope to receive?
- WEDNESDAY Am I seeking, like Ahaziah, to resist God's providences?
- THURSDAY Am I in the line of succession of any prophet? If not, why not?
- FRIDAY How I can get rid of the leprosy of sin.
- SATURDAY No kindness, such as the Shunammite's, ever goes unrewarded.

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Study what is meant by "the high places." Learn what you can about the city of Samaria.
- MONDAY Learn what you can about the topography of Mount Carmel.
- TUESDAY. Study in connection with the story of Naboth the tenure of land among the Hebrews.
- WEDNESDAY Study the Bible references to Tarshish (1 Kings 22:48) and all that region.
- THURSDAY Learn what you can about the schools of the prophets.
- FRIDAY Compare the account of the wonders wrought by Elisha with those wrought by Elijah.
- SATURDAY Gather together into one mental picture the scattered hints of Jezebel's character.

The Eighteenth Week
Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 2 Kings, chapters 10, 11, 12. Joash.
- MONDAY 2 Kings, chapters 13, 14, 15. Joash and Elisha.
- TUESDAY. 2 Kings, chapters 16, 17. *Ahaz. Samaria falls.*
- WEDNESDAY 2 Kings, chapters 18, 19. *Hezekiah and Isaiah*.
- THURSDAY 2 Kings, chapters 20, 21, 22. Manasseh. Josiah.
- FRIDAY 2 Kings, chapters 23, 24, 25. *Jerusalem falls*.
- SATURDAY Review First and Second Kings, passing rapidly over the chapters, giving titles to them, or marking the passages that seem most helpful, or both.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY I should have the same care for God's house that Joash had.
- MONDAY Lack of earnestness was the ruin of Joash, king of Israel. It may he mine.
- TUESDAY. Am I like Ahaz, using the things of God for my own selfwilled pleasures?
- WEDNESDAY Such trust as Hezekiah's will always meet a reward as great.
- THURSDAY How thankful I should be that I have the Bible!
- FRIDAY Jerusalem fell because of disobedience. Such may be my fate.
- SATURDAY How surely God has proved himself the Punisher of the wrongdoer and the Rewarder of the righteous!

- SUNDAY Investigate the Bible examples of the right way to raise money for sacred causes.
- MONDAY Study the history of Syria during the time of the kings.
- TUESDAY. Study the history of Assyria during the time of the kings.
- WEDNESDAY Compare with the deliverance from Sennacherib other similar deliverances recorded in the Bible.
- THURSDAY Study in connection with Josiah's life the hints given in the Old Testament of the position of the Bible among the Hebrews.
- FRIDAY Study the way captives were treated in ancient times.

• SATURDAY – Draw in your Bible two parallel uprights, one for the northern and the other for the southern kingdom. Set off upon each, spaces proportioned to the length of the reign of each king.

The Nineteenth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 1 Chronicles, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. *Genealogy*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- MONDAY 1 Chronicles, chapters 7, 8, 9, 10. Saul's death.
- TUESDAY. 1 Chronicles, chapters 11, 12, 13. David. The ark.
- WEDNESDAY 1 Chronicles, chapters 14, 15, 16, 17. David and the temple.
- THURSDAY 1 Chronicles, chapters 18, 19, 20, 21. David's wars.
- FRIDAY 1 Chronicles, chapters 22, 23, 24, 25. *The service of God.*
- SATURDAY 1 Chronicles, chapters 26, 27, 28, 29. David's last words.

The Books of the Chronicles

The title of the hooks is taken from the Hebrew, the title in the Septuagint being "The Things Omitted," implying that the books are intended to supply what was left out of the books of Samuel and the Kings. In the course of the books twelve other histories are named as the author's sources of information. This author may have been Ezra - a supposition made probable by the fact that the closing passage of 2 Chronicles is identical with the opening passage of Ezra. There are four divisions of the books: genealogies, and the histories of David, Solomon, and the remaining kings of Judah. Everywhere a knowledge of the preceding books of the Bible is taken for granted, and many new and important facts are given. Scarcely anything is said about the northern kingdom, or about the sinful acts of David and Solomon. The great number of genealogies is accounted for by

the need of such records that would be felt after the exile, when the land came to be assigned to its hereditary owners, and the temple service to he taken up by those whose hereditary duty it was.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Is my name in the great muster-roll of the children of the promise?
- MONDAY Saul "died for his transgression"; what fate do I deserve?
- TUESDAY. Have I any presumptuous fear for the cause of God?
- WEDNESDAY How much of David's psalm of thanksgiving (16:7-36) can I make my own?
- THURSDAY I have sinned; let me imitate David's repentance.
- FRIDAY My duty to provide in advance for the needs of God's cause.
- SATURDAY Let me imitate David's humility, shown by his willingness that another should build the temple.

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Indicate by marking where the various genealogies begin, and underscore the names of all persons you know about already.
- MONDAY Compare chapter 10 with the last chapter of 1 Samuel.
- TUESDAY. Compare with the corresponding portions of Samuel; especially compare chapter 13 with 2 Samuel 6.
- WEDNESDAY Compare chapters 15, 16, with 2 Samuel 6, and chapter 17 with 2 Samuel 7.
- THURSDAY Compare these chapters with 2 Samuel 8, 10, 11, 24.
- FRIDAY Compare David's last words to Solomon as given here and in 1 Kings 2.
- SATURDAY Bead in the Bible dictionary the account of the organization of the temple service in the days of David.

The Twentieth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 2 Chronicles, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Solomon's choice. The temple.
- MONDAY 2 Chronicles, chapters 6, 7, 8. *The temple dedicated*.
- TUESDAY. 2 Chronicles, chapters 9, 10, 11, 12. *The great schism*.
- WEDNESDAY 2 Chronicles, chapters 13, 14, 15, 16, 17. Asa's good reign.
- THURSDAY 2 Chronicles, chapters 18, 19, 20. Jehoshaphat.
- FRIDAY 2 Chronicles, chapters 21, 22, 23, 24. Jehu. Joash.
- SATURDAY 2 Chronicles, chapters 25, 26, 27, 28. Uzziah. Ahaz.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY What is the real choice of my heart?
- MONDAY What is God's house to me?
- TUESDAY. How can I he sure always to act for the best?
- WEDNESDAY Can I stand the test of 2 Chronicles 14:2?
- THURSDAY What are the enemies that God will overthrow before me as he overthrew Jehoshaphat's before him?
- FRIDAY Do not my sins deserve such condemnation as came to Jehoram (chapter 21)?
- SATURDAY The "lifting up of heart" which is "to destruction" (2 Chronicles 26:16); what is it?

- SUNDAY Compare these chapters with 1 Kings, chapters 3, 5, 6, 7.
- MONDAY Compare this account of the dedication with that in 1 Kings 8, and compare chapter 7 with 1 Kings 9.
- TUESDAY. Compare these chapters with 1 Kings, chapters 10-14.
- WEDNESDAY Compare the account of Asa's reign in 1 Kings 15.
- THURSDAY Compare the account of the reign of Jehoshaphat found in 1 Kings 15 and 22.
- FRIDAY Compare the account of the reign of Joash in 2 Kings 11, 12.
- SATURDAY Compare the parallel passages: 2 Kings 14, 15, 16.

The Twenty-First Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 2 Chronicles, chapters 29, 30, 31. *Hezekiah the good*.
- MONDAY 2 Chronicles, chapters 32, 33, 34. Sennacherib. Manasseh.
- TUESDAY. 2 Chronicles, chapters 35, 36. *Josiah. The fall of Jerusalem.* Review First and Second Chronicles, giving titles to the chapters, and marking the most important passages.
- WEDNESDAY Ezra, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. *The return*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- THURSDAY Ezra, chapters 5, 6, 7. *The temple. Ezra*.
- FRIDAY Ezra, chapters 8, 9, 10. *Ezra's reform*.
- SATURDAY Nehemiah, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. *Nehemiah's return*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.

Ezra and Nehemiah

From the fact that part of the book of Ezra is written in the first person, it is thought that Ezra himself wrote it. Others think that both this book and Nehemiah were written by others, but contain extracts from the first-hand accounts of the two leaders. In ancient times the two books were united, and in the Vulgate they are called First and Second Esdras. They are written in Hebrew, with the exception of certain letters and other quoted documents in Ezra, which are kept in the original Aramaic, or Chaldee. Ezra covers seventy-nine years, and Nehemiah, after an interval of about twelve years, continues the story.

- SUNDAY "Rose early" (2 Chronicles 29:20): has this oft-recurring phrase a lesson for me?
- MONDAY How far is Manasseh's life a warning to me?
- TUESDAY. How am I to get the most good from the Bible?
- WEDNESDAY The evil effects of sin, even after forgiveness and a return to God.
- THURSDAY The secret of Ezra's success. (Ezra 7:10.)
- FRIDAY Am I caring enough for the honor of my Christian confession (Ezra 8:22)?
- SATURDAY Is my religion sturdy and aggressive?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Study the Passovers that are noted in Hebrew history.
- MONDAY Study the conspicuous instances of repentance found in the Bible.
- TUESDAY. Compare Chronicles with Kings, and obtain a clear idea of the characteristic differences of the books.
- WEDNESDAY Learn what you can about this temple of Zerubbabel's.
- THURSDAY Study the account in secular history of the reign of Artaxerxes.
- FRIDAY Study the accounts of evils that came to the Jews throughout their history on account of intermarriage with the heathen around them.
- SATURDAY Locate, as far as you can, the various portions of the wall here named.

The Twenty-Second Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Nehemiah, chapters 5, 6, 7, 8. *The wall rebuilt*.
- MONDAY Nehemiah, chapters 9, 10, 11. The solemn fast.

- TUESDAY. Nehemiah, chapters 12, 13. Esther, chapter 1. *Vashti*. Read the introduction to the hook, given below.
- WEDNESDAY Esther, chapters 2, 3, 4, 5. *Haman's revenge*.
- THURSDAY Esther, chapters 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. *Haman's downfall*. Review. Pass rapidly over the hooks of Ezra, Nehemiah, and Esther, marking the most helpful passages.
- FRIDAY Job, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. *Job tested*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- SATURDAY Job, chapters 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. Bildad and Job.

Esther

It is not known who wrote this book. Some think it was Ezra; others, Mordecai. The language is Hebrew. It is one of the few books of the Bible that does not contain the name of God; possibly, as has been suggested, because it was intended for reading in Jewish houses on feast days, and the omission of the divine name on such occasions was thought more seemly. Ahasuerus is believed to have been Xerxes, and the feasts mentioned in the opening of the book may have been preliminary to his great expedition into Greece.

Job

Here we enter upon the poetical books, the Hebrew books of devotion. It is not known when Job was written, or by whom. Some say Moses. Others conjecture Solomon, Job himself, one of the prophets. The customs portrayed and the absence of references to later history point to the time of the patriarchs as the date of the book. Some identify Job with the Jobab of Genesis 10:29; others with the Jobab of Genesis 36:33. The language is Hebrew, with many approaches to the Arabic. The land of Uz is probably the northeast of Arabia. Ezekiel and St. James speak of Job as a historical personage. The poem itself is a noble discussion of the reasons for suffering. In speeches regularly recurring, each answered in turn by Job, the three friends of the patriarch urge that the cause of all suffering is sin. Elihu argues that all sorrow is certainly for the good of the sufferer, and at length God himself speaks, and Job becomes submissive and repentant.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How noble it is to persevere in work undertaken for God!
- MONDAY What gain have I from taking part in the assemblies of God's people?
- TUESDAY. Am I keeping the Sabbath in the way God approves?
- WEDNESDAY What great evils may spring from the sin of envy!
- THURSDAY God always brings about the final downfall of evil.
- FRIDAY All my sorrows are permitted for a purpose.
- SATURDAY The speedy approach of death (chapter 7).

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY The Bible view of usury and the taking of interest.
- MONDAY Public reading of the law, and the part it plays throughout the Bible.
- TUESDAY. Evidences throughout the Scriptures of the value of the Sabbath in national life.
- WEDNESDAY Make a study of the customs of Oriental courts in those days.
- THURSDAY Review Ezra, Nehemiah, Esther, and discover what is the most prominent addition each makes to the truths taught by the Bible.
- FRIDAY Compare the style of this prose introduction with the style of the Pentateuch.
- SATURDAY Analyze briefly in the margin the argument of Eliphas, the response of Job, and so on throughout the poem.

The Twenty-Third Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Job, chapters 11, 12, 13, 14, 15. Zophar and Eliphaz.
- MONDAY Job, chapters 16, 17, 18, 19, 20. Bildad and Zophar.
- TUESDAY. Job, chapters 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26. *Eliphaz and Bildad*.
- WEDNESDAY Job, chapters 27, 28, 29, 30, 31. *Job's defense*.
- THURSDAY Job, chapters 32, 33, 34, 35, 36. *Elihu's argument*.
- FRIDAY Job, chapters 37, 38, 39, 40. Jehovah in the whirlwind.
- SATURDAY Job, chapters 41, 42. *The conclusion of the drama*. Review. Try to summarize, in as few words as possible, the teachings of the book.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How great is God! (11:7-9.)
- MONDAY Is Job's confidence mine? (19:25-27.)
- TUESDAY. Oh, to find God! (23:3-10.)
- WEDNESDAY Have I truly sought wisdom? (28:28.)
- THURSDAY God always does right. (34:10.)
- FRIDAY What am I, to question God's judgment?
- SATURDAY O God, show me thyself, and show me myself in the light of thy purity! (42:1-6.)

- SUNDAY Go over the first fourteen chapters and underscore the sentences that have become proverbial.
- MONDAY What thought of the hereafter is contained in these first twenty chapters of Job?
- TUESDAY. The tokens in the first half of Job that the book was written in patriarchal days.
- WEDNESDAY Go over the second fourteen chapters and underscore the sentences that have become proverbial.
- THURSDAY Make a study of the character of Elihu, as distinguished from the other three friends of Job.
- FRIDAY Seek out in the last half of the book the evidences that it was written during patriarchal times.
- SATURDAY Go over the third fourteen chapters and underscore the sentences that have become proverbial.

The Twenty-Fourth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Psalms 1-9. *The blessings of godliness, etc.* (Titles are given for only the first psalm read each day.) Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- MONDAY Psalms 10-17. *The wicked punished, etc.*
- TUESDAY. Psalms 18-22. God the preserver, etc.
- WEDNESDAY Psalms 23-30. The shepherd psalm, etc.
- THURSDAY Psalms 31-35. God my trust, etc.
- FRIDAY Psalms 36-41. God's loving kindness, etc.
- SATURDAY Psalms 42-49. The hart psalm, etc.

The Psalms

The Psalms were written at different dates, from Moses to the close of the captivity– a thousand years. One psalm is attributed to Moses, seventy-three to David, two to Solomon, twelve to Asaph (one of David's musicians), eleven to the sons of Korah, and one each to Heman and Ethan. Thirteen titles tell on what occasion the psalm was written. Many titles contain musical terms and directions. A number of most precious psalms are prophetic of Christ, and are so used in the New Testament.

- SUNDAY The Lord sustains me (Psalm 3:5).
- MONDAY God sees all my doings (Psalm 11:4).
- TUESDAY. No danger is strong against God (Psalm 18:2).
- WEDNESDAY Is my heart pure? (Psalm 24:3-6.)
- THURSDAY Is there a sin that I should confess? (Psalm 32:1-6.)
- FRIDAY The joy of patient waiting (Psalm 40:1).
- SATURDAY My foolish fears (Psalm 46:1-3).

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Review the life of David in first and second Samuel and first Chronicles, and endeavor to fix upon some occasion in his life when each psalm attributed to him might have been written, as you come to it.
- MONDAY Learn the meaning of the musical terms used in the titles of the psalms (see Revised Version).
- TUESDAY. Study in connection with Psalms 18 and 20 the other "royal psalms": 2, 45, 61, 72, 110.
- WEDNESDAY Read the account of the dedication of the Temple to get the setting of Psalm 30.
- THURSDAY Compare with Psalm 35 the other "imprecatory psalms": 7, 69, and 109. How do you explain their presence in the Bible?
- FRIDAY Compare with Psalm 41 the other "passion psalms": 22, 35, 55, 69, 109.
- SATURDAY Review these forty-nine psalms, and give each a distinctive title.

The Twenty-Fifth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Psalms 50-57. The majesty of God, etc.
- MONDAY Psalms 58-66. A psalm of rewards, etc.
- TUESDAY. Psalms 67-71. *The psalm of shining, etc.*
- WEDNESDAY Psalms 72-77. *The coming Messiah, etc.*
- THURSDAY Psalms 78-80. God in history, etc.
- FRIDAY Psalms 81-88. *The trumpet psalm, etc.*
- SATURDAY Psalms 89-92. *A psalm of mercy, etc.*

- SUNDAY Let me keep watch over my tongue (Psalm 52:1-5).
- MONDAY Am I in the shelter? (Psalm 61:1-4.)
- TUESDAY. How far is my mouth "filled with thy praise"? (Psalm 71:8.)
- WEDNESDAY Have I any foolish envy of evil men when they prosper? (Psalm 73.)
- THURSDAY What is my only safety? (Psalm 80:7.)
- FRIDAY Do I long for God's house? (Psalm 84.)
- SATURDAY My life should be one of constant thanksgiving (Psalm 92).

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Especially in connection with these psalms, study the portions of David's life to which they apply.
- MONDAY "The chief musician" study what is known about the way in which these psalms were probably sung.
- TUESDAY. Read in connection with Psalm 68 the account of the removal of the ark.
- WEDNESDAY Consider how Psalm 72 applies to Christ.
- THURSDAY Study Asaph, and the sons of Koran.
- FRIDAY Compare with Psalm 84 the psalms of similar theme: 42, 43, 63.
- SATURDAY Compare with Psalm 90 the other psalms on the brevity of human life: 39, 49. Give titles to the psalms read this week.

The Twenty-Sixth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Psalms 93-101. The throne psalm, etc.
- MONDAY Psalms 102-105. God hears prayer, etc.
- TUESDAY. Psalms 106-109. *A psalm of rebellion, etc.*

- WEDNESDAY Psalms 110-118. The Melchizedek psalm, etc.
- THURSDAY Psalm 119. *The psalm of the law.*
- FRIDAY Psalms 120-134. Psalms of ascent.
- SATURDAY Psalms 135-141. *Empty idols, etc.*

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How kind is God's chastisement! (Psalm 94:12.)
- MONDAY How may I bear in mind God's kindness? (Psalm 103:2.)
- TUESDAY. The great advantage of a heart fixed upon divine things (Psalm 108:1.)
- WEDNESDAY How to get light on dark problems (Psalm 112:4.)
- THURSDAY The duty of testifying (Psalm 119:27.)
- FRIDAY My false help and the true (Psalm 121.)
- SATURDAY What is it to praise "with the whole heart"? (Psalm 138:1.)

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY In connection with Psalm 100 (possibly used when the thank-offerings were received) study the use of the psalms in temple worship.
- MONDAY Compare with Psalm 105 the other historical psalms, 78 and 106.
- TUESDAY. Study the five Hebrew divisions of the psalms, ending, each of them, with a doxology. (Psalms 41, 72, 89, 106, 150.)
- WEDNESDAY Psalms 110 and 118 are the last of the Messianic psalms; study them.
- THURSDAY Head the account of the return from the captivity, on which occasion this was sung. Study the alphabetic character of the psalm, and learn about the other acrostic psalms.
- FRIDAY Find out the meaning of the term "song of ascents," or "of degrees."
- SATURDAY Give titles to the psalms read this week

The Twenty-Seventh Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Psalms 142-150. *The cave psalm, etc.*
- MONDAY Review the psalms, marking in some way those that seem most helpful.
- TUESDAY. Proverbs, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. *The beauty of wisdom*. Read the introduction to the hook, given below.
- WEDNESDAY Proverbs, chapters 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. Seven hateful things, etc.
- THURSDAY Proverbs, chapters 11, 12, 13, 14. A false balance, etc.
- FRIDAY Proverbs, chapters 15, . 16, 17, 18. A soft answer, etc.
- SATURDAY Proverbs, chapters 19, 20, 21, 22; 23. Rich and poor, etc.

The Proverbs

This collection of rules for the conduct of life is said to he Solomon's because he wrote most of them, just as the Psalms are said to he David's. The portions most certainly Solomon's are chapters 10-22. Chapters 25-29 are said to he his, hut copied out by Hezekiah's wise men. Others are attributed to Agur and King Lemuel. The first six chapters form a connected discourse on wisdom, and the last chapter, vs. 10-31, is an acrostic poem.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY I should fill my whole life with thanksgiving.
- MONDAY How I may make myself fit to join in the psalms of heaven.
- TUESDAY. Have I made "the beginning of wisdom?" (Proverb 1:17.)
- WEDNESDAY Do I possess any of the things that the Lord hates (Proverb 6:16-19)?
- THURSDAY Have I the pride that brings shame (Proverb 11:2)?
- FRIDAY How can I overcome the habit of worrying? (Proverb 15:13.)
- SATURDAY How can I answer the question of Proverb 20:9?

For Further Study If You Have Time

• SUNDAY – Study in connection with Psalm 142 the other psalms that refer to Saul's persecution of David, 7, 34, 52, 54, 56, 57, 59.

- MONDAY Make a classification of the psalms, grouping them under these heads: instruction; devotional (sub-classes: prayer, praise, thanksgiving); prophetical; historical.
- TUESDAY. Analyze in as few words as possible this description of wisdom.
- WEDNESDAY Mark in the chapters already read, and in the following chapters as we come to them, all the proverbs that have to do with poverty or riches, using "W" (wealth).
- THURSDAY Mark in the same way the proverbs of honesty with an "H."
- FRIDAY Mark with an "S" the proverbs that relate to speech.
- SATURDAY Mark with an "I" the proverbs that teach industry.

The Twenty-Eighth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Proverbs, chapters 24, 25, 26, 27. Envy, etc.
- MONDAY Proverbs, chapters 28, 29, 30, 31. The wicked flee, etc.
- TUESDAY. Ecclesiastes, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. *The trial of the world*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- WEDNESDAY Ecclesiastes, chapters 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. *The verdict on the world*.
- THURSDAY Solomon's Song. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- FRIDAY Review Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, and Solomon's Song. Mark in each book the passages that you think most beautiful.
- SATURDAY Isaiah, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. *The Jerusalem vision*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.

Ecclesiastes

It was formerly thought that Solomon wrote this book in his old age, and to express his penitence. Many scholars now hold that the language, style, and contents of the book point rather to a period after the return from captivity. The book is a review of the principal employments in which men are likely to engage, with the conclusion that a godly life is vastly preferable to them all.

The Song of Songs

Some hold this poem to have been written by Solomon as a marriage ode, and think its language typifies the union of Christ to his bride, the Church. Others think that the poem is an expression of the desire for national unity between Judah, represented by Shelomoh, the groom, and the ten tribes, represented by the bride Shulammith (the feminine form of Solomon). Read the poem in the Revised Version, which marks by paragraphs the alternation of the dialogue between the man and his lover.

Isaiah

This, the first of the prophetical books, is one of the most marvelous books ever written. Isaiah prophesied in Judea during four reigns, from B. C. 750 to B. C. 695– about 55 years. His times were times of great spiritual laxity, dark with threatened dangers. Nevertheless, he is called "the evangelical prophet," because he foretold so grandly the coming of better days. A rough outline of the prophecies will be helpful: chapters 1-6, Israel's sins; 7-12, "the book of Immanuel"; 13-23, prophecies against the nations; 24-35, the coming overthrow of evil; 36-39, Hezekiah's triumph; 40-48, God and idols; 49-58, the coming Messiah; 59-66, a new heaven and a new earth.

- SUNDAY What is my feeling toward my enemies? (Proverb 24:17.)
- MONDAY Do I need to confess before men any sin? (Proverb 28:13.)
- TUESDAY. The life that is vanity of vanities: have I chosen it?
- WEDNESDAY The coming judgment (Ecclesiastes 12:14).

- THURSDAY My love to Christ: how does it compare with my human affections?
- FRIDAY The secret of Solomon's wisdom.
- SATURDAY Is the prophecy of chapter 1:18 true of me?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Mark with an "F" the paragraphs that deal with friendship.
- MONDAY Mark with a "T" the paragraphs throughout the book that teach temperance.
- TUESDAY. Mark in the various chapters throughout the book the places where each new occupation is taken up and discussed.
- WEDNESDAY Go through the book trying to distinguish the references that would seem appropriate for Solomon from those that would seem inappropriate.
- THURSDAY With the help of a commentary divide the poem, assigning the various passages to the proper speakers.
- FRIDAY Classify the remaining proverbs that have not come under the six heads already given.
- SATURDAY Read in Kings and Chronicles the accounts of the reigns of the four kings under whom Isaiah lived.

The Twenty-Ninth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Isaiah, chapters 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. Isaiah and Ahaz.
- MONDAY Isaiah, chapters 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16. *The Branch. Babylon. Moab.*
- TUESDAY. Isaiah, chapters 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22. Damascus. Ethiopia. Egypt. Edom.
- WEDNESDAY Isaiah, chapters 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28. *Tyre. Samaria*.
- THURSDAY Isaiah, chapters 29, 30, 31, 32, 33. Woes.

- FRIDAY Isaiah, chapters 34, 35, 36, 37, 38. Sennacherib's invasion.
- SATURDAY Isaiah, chapters 39, 40, 41, 42, 43. Comfort ye, my people.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Here am I; send me" (6:8).
- MONDAY What Christ has done for the world (chapter 11).
- TUESDAY. God is my confidence (22:23).
- WEDNESDAY What God's Word should be to me (28:10).
- THURSDAY God's joyful people (29:19).
- FRIDAY The future God wants me to have (chapter 35).
- SATURDAY What may become of my sins (38:17).

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Read in 2 Kings 16 the account of the reign of Ahaz.
- MONDAY Learn the condition of Babylon at this time. Trace the references to Moab in the Bible.
- TUESDAY. Study the history of Damascus in its relations with the Hebrews.
- WEDNESDAY Study the Bible references to Tyre and Samaria.
- THURSDAY In connection with chapter 31 study the political relations between Egypt and the Hebrews.
- FRIDAY Read in 2 Kings 18, 19, and 20, and in 2 Chronicles 29, 30, 31, and 32, the accounts of the reign of Hezekiah.
- SATURDAY Mark in your Bible all Isaiah's Messianic prophecies up to this point.

The Thirtieth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

• SUNDAY – Isaiah, chapters 44, 45, 46, 47, 48. The prophecy of Cyrus.

- MONDAY Isaiah, chapters 49, 50, 51,52,53. Prophecies of Christ.
- TUESDAY. Isaiah, chapters 54, 55, 56, 57, 58,59. The sure mercies of David.
- WEDNESDAY Isaiah, chapters 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66. *Thy light is come*.
- THURSDAY Review Isaiah, giving titles to the chapters, and marking the parts that have most impressed you.
- FRIDAY Jeremiah, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. *The prophet's call*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- SATURDAY Jeremiah, chapters 5, 6, 7. Repent!

Jeremiah

He was a priest, and he prophesied in Judea for forty years, – until Jerusalem was captured. In spite of his protests and warnings, the Jews, it is said, carried him to Egypt with them, and it is also said that he was stoned to death there because he opposed idolatry. He is the "weeping prophet," the prophet of stern warnings. Chapter 1 is an introduction; chapters 2-11 may be the prophecies written by Baruch after Jehoiakim had burned the first roll; chapters 21-25 are brief notes of warning; 25-28 foretell the fall of Jerusalem; 29-31 relate to the Babylonian exile; 32-45 refer to the history of the two years before the fall of Jerusalem; 46-51 are prophecies against foreign nations, especially Babylon; 52, the conclusion, which some think was added by Ezra.

- SUNDAY Am I striving with God? (Chapter 45:9.)
- MONDAY My eternal confidence (51:6).
- TUESDAY. The secret of peace (54:13).
- WEDNESDAY Whence do I seek my happiness? (61:10.)
- THURSDAY If Isaiah was so ennobled by the mere hope of the Messiah, how should I be ennobled who have the realization of the vision!
- FRIDAY I can do all things through Him that strengtheneth me. (See chapter 1.)

• SATURDAY – How nature should inspire awe of God (5:24).

- SUNDAY Investigate the references to the Sabeans (45:14) and to Bel and Nebo (46:1).
- MONDAY Study the references in 49:12 to "the land of Sinim," and the other references in the Scriptures to the far East.
- TUESDAY. Study the New Testament passages in which Isaiah is quoted.
- WEDNESDAY Study the geographical terms used in chapter 60.
- THURSDAY Study the exalted style of Isaiah, and characterize it in a few brief sentences.
- FRIDAY Compare the hesitancy of Moses and Isaiah at the beginning of their work.
- SATURDAY In connection with 6:6 study the weapons and methods of warfare of the times.

The Thirty-First Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Jeremiah, chapters 8, 9, 10, 11. Tears for Jerusalem.
- MONDAY Jeremiah, chapters 12, 13, 14, 15, 16. The girdle.
- TUESDAY. Jeremiah, chapters 17, 18, 19, 20, 21. The potter.
- WEDNESDAY Jeremiah, chapters 22, 23, 24, 25. *The seventy years*.
- THURSDAY Jeremiah, chapters 26, 27, 28, 29. Jeremiah's trial.
- FRIDAY Jeremiah, chapters 30, 31, 32. Jeremiah's field.
- SATURDAY Jeremiah, chapters 33, 34, 35. *The Rechabites*.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY The only true reason for self-congratulation (9:23, 24).
- MONDAY Jeremiah's confidence and ours (15:19-21).
- TUESDAY. If God fought against me (21:5).
- WEDNESDAY Thou God seest me (23:23, 24).
- THURSDAY How to find God (29:12, 13).
- FRIDAY My right among God's people (30:22).
- SATURDAY How nature confirms revelation (33:20-22).

- SUNDAY Make a study of the great Covenant, from the days of Abraham down. (11:1-5.)
- MONDAY Study the picturesque ways of teaching used by the prophets, as in chapter 13.
- TUESDAY. Study in connection with chapter 19 the topography of Jerusalem and its environs.
- WEDNESDAY Make a study of the prophecies directly concerning the captivity.
- THURSDAY Gather up, in connection with Jeremiah's trial, the other great trials of the Bible.
- FRIDAY In connection with 31:15, study the other passages in Jeremiah quoted in the New Testament.
- SATURDAY Slavery in the Old Testament (chapter 34).

The Thirty-Second Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Jeremiah, chapters 36, 37, 38, 39. Prison and captivity.
- MONDAY Jeremiah, chapters 40, 41, 42, 43, 44. Shun Egypt.
- TUESDAY. Jeremiah, chapters 45, 46, 47, 48. Egypt, Philistia, and Moab.
- WEDNESDAY Jeremiah, chapters 49, 50. Judgments.
- THURSDAY Jeremiah, chapters 51, 52. The end of the tragedy.
- FRIDAY Lamentations. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- SATURDAY Review Jeremiah and Lamentations, giving titles to the chapters, and marking in the margin the passages most likely to be helpful in the future.

Lamentations

Jeremiah has always been set down as the author of this book, and indeed it must have been written by some one as familiar as Jeremiah was with all the details of the terrible siege of Jerusalem which it describes. The book consists of five separate dirges deploring the event. Chapters 1, 2, and 4 contain each of them 22 verses beginning with the 22 letters of the Hebrew alphabet. Chapter 5 also has 22 verses, but without the acrostical arrangement. Chapter 3 has 66 verses arranged in threes, each group beginning with a letter of the alphabet.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Am I in my life following the entire law, or do I, like Jehoiakim, mutilate it?
- MONDAY God is pleading faithfully with me in many ways, even as Jeremiah pleaded with his people.
- TUESDAY. Shall Moab's destruction be mine? (48:42.)
- WEDNESDAY The perils of pride (49:16).
- THURSDAY The power of our God (51:15-22).
- FRIDAY The way of the transgressor is hard.
- SATURDAY How many opportunities for repentance God gives his erring children!

For Further Study If You Have Time

• SUNDAY – Read in 2 Kings 25 and 2 Chronicles 36 the parallel accounts.

- MONDAY Study the history of Egypt during this time.
- TUESDAY. Make a study of the proper names of these chapters.
- WEDNESDAY Explain the historical references in these chapters.
- THURSDAY Learn what additional facts regarding the captivity are here given.
- FRIDAY Read in the Bible dictionary the account of this siege and capture of Jerusalem.
- SATURDAY Write in the margin of your Bible a list of the known facts of the life of Jeremiah.

The Thirty-Third Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Ezekiel, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. *The prophet's commission*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- MONDAY Ezekiel, chapters 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. In the chambers of imagery.
- TUESDAY. Ezekiel, chapters 11, 12, 13, 14. The lying prophets.
- WEDNESDAY Ezekiel, chapters 15, 16, 17. The worthless vine.
- THURSDAY Ezekiel, chapters 18, 19, 20. Sour grapes.
- FRIDAY Ezekiel, chapters 21, 22, 23. A sword, a sword.
- SATURDAY Ezekiel, chapters 24, 25, 26, 27. God's enemies punished.

Ezekiel

Ezekiel, a priest, was carried away by Nebuchadnezzar after his second inroad into Judea, and prophesied for twenty-two years in a place about two hundred miles north of Babylon. It is said that he and Jeremiah exchanged manuscripts, for the edification respectively of the Jews in Jerusalem and in the captivity. Ezekiel' s prophecies abound in visions and parables, and there are many touches of poetry. There are three divisions of the work: (1) chapters 1-24 consist of prophecies uttered before the fall of Jerusalem; (2) chapters 25-32, judgments upon seven heathen nations; (3) chapters 33-48, prophecies of the restoration.

- SUNDAY A lesson in bold speaking (chapter 2:6-8).
- MONDAY The punishment of sin is swift and sure.

- TUESDAY. Have I the new heart? (chapter 11:19.)
- WEDNESDAY My life is in God's hands (chapter 17:24).
- THURSDAY "The soul that sinneth, it shall die."
- FRIDAY Who has the right to my life? And who really has it? (chapter 21:27.)
- SATURDAY What a trifle is worldly prosperity compared with righteousness!

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Study the many striking accounts throughout the Bible of the commissions given the prophets and great teachers, and how they received them.
- MONDAY Study the Bible conception of cherubim.
- TUESDAY. Starting from chapter 11:19, study the Old Testament teachings regarding conversion.
- WEDNESDAY Study the use of the vine as furnishing illustrations throughout the Bible.
- THURSDAY Starting with chapter 20, study the references throughout Israel's history to God's original choice of the nation.
- FRIDAY Study chapter 22 to form a picture of the condition of Jerusalem just before the capture.
- SATURDAY Study this picture of Tyre, and compare it with secular history and with its later history.

The Thirty-Fourth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Ezekiel, chapters 28, 29, 30. Egypt's doom.
- MONDAY Ezekiel, chapters 31, 32, 33. Assyria's doom. Ezekiel's orders.
- TUESDAY. Ezekiel, chapters. 34, 35, 36. Unfaithful shepherds.
- WEDNESDAY Ezekiel, chapters 37, 38, 39. The valley of dry bones.
- THURSDAY Ezekiel, chapters 40, 41, 42. The restored temple.
- FRIDAY Ezekiel, chapters 43, 44, 45. The restored people.
- SATURDAY Ezekiel, chapters 46, 47, 48. The wonderful river.

- SUNDAY How I may cultivate humility.
- MONDAY What true greatness is.
- TUESDAY. The Lord is my Shepherd.

- WEDNESDAY My life is dead without the Spirit of God in it.
- THURSDAY God's love for His house.
- FRIDAY If I do not see the glory of God, it is because I need to repent of my sins.
- SATURDAY The sure triumph of God's kingdom. What share shall I have in it?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Study the history of Egypt during the time of the captivity.
- MONDAY Study the history of Assyria and Babylon daring the lifetime of Ezekiel.
- TUESDAY. Study the use throughout the Bible of the shepherd metaphor.
- WEDNESDAY In connection with the vision of the ley of dry bones, study the intimations throughout the Old Testament of the doctrine of the Holy Spirit.
- THURSDAY Compare this temple of Ezekiel's vision with the actual temples of Solomon and of the restoration.
- FRIDAY Compare Ezekiel's laws for the Levites with those in the Pentateuch.
- SATURDAY Study with the map Ezekiel's division of the land among the tribes.

The Thirty-Fifth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Daniel, chapters 1, 2, 3. *Temperance. The dream. The furnace.* Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- MONDAY Daniel, chapters 4, 5, 6. The writing. The lions.
- TUESDAY. Daniel, chapters 7, 8, 9. Visions of beasts.
- WEDNESDAY Daniel, chapters 10, 11, 12. Visions of kings.
- THURSDAY Review Daniel and Ezekiel, giving titles to the chapters, and marking the passages you are most anxious to remember.
- FRIDAY Hosea, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7. *The evil wife*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- SATURDAY Hosea, chapters 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14. Repent! Return!

Daniel

The mention of Daniel by Ezekiel, together with other considerations, would seem to prove that he was an actual historical personage, in spite of all that has been said by the students of the book. He was carried away in the first captivity, and spent in Babylon a long and most remarkable life. In the Hebrew Bible his book is classed not with the prophets, but with Ezra, Nehemiah, arid the Chronicles. Roughly speaking, the first six chapters, the historical portion, are written in the Aramaic language and in the first person, and the last six chapters, the prophetical, in Hebrew and in the third person. The prophecies give the outlines of history from the time of Daniel to the time of Christ, with a most remarkable vision of the reign of the Messiah. There is close resemblance between this book and the Revelation of St. John.

Hosea

This is a prophet of the northern kingdom. His work extended through sixty years, the reigns of the last six kings of Israel. It was a time of great vices, against which Hosea fearlessly inveighs. The book is quoted quite largely in the New Testament. Its vivid pages are full of images taken from the country and the home. Indeed, the central thought of all is the picture of his wife's unfaithfulness, as typifying the unfaithfulness of his nation.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY God's protection is sure, if we are on His side.
- MONDAY There is no insight such as that which comes from a godlike life.
- TUESDAY. Nothing will convince men of the truth of the gospel better than trials nobly borne.
- WEDNESDAY God knows all the future, and discloses to us only what is best for us to know.
- THURSDAY How tender and constant is God's care for His people!
- FRIDAY Unfaithfulness to God is the seed of all kinds of sin.
- SATURDAY God will surely punish sin.

- SUNDAY Learn all you can about Babylon.
- MONDAY Review the history of Assyria.
- TUESDAY. Study the history of the Medo-Persian empire.
- WEDNESDAY Study the history of the Holy Land during the two centuries preceding the birth of Christ, and compare it with the predictions of these chapters.
- THURSDAY Compare the "major prophets" with one another, and describe each of them in a few words.
- FRIDAY Hunt up the New Testament references to Hosea.
- SATURDAY Go through Hosea, marking the images derived from out-of-door life.

The Thirty-Sixth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Joel. *The locust prophecy*. Read the introduction to each book as it is studied.
- MONDAY Amos, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. *Transgression and penalty*.
- TUESDAY. Amos, chapters 6, 7, 8, 9. Visions and warnings.
- WEDNESDAY Obadiah. *The doom of Edom*.
- THURSDAY Jonah. *The fruits of obedience*.
- FRIDAY Micah. Woes and promises.
- SATURDAY Nahum. The doom of Nineveh,

Joel

He was a prophet of Judah, though of the tribe of Reuben. Scholars differ widely as to his date, in the time of Uzziah, in the time of Hezekiah, Manasseh, Josiah. Under the figure of the coming of locusts, he predicts the threatened invasion from Assyria, and in the last half of the book comforts the people with promise of final joy and triumph. Peter and Paul both quote from Joel.

Amos

A striking figure is this "herdsman and dresser of sycamore-trees." A citizen of Judea, he dared to prophesy in the northern kingdom, at Bethel, the center of calf-worship, and at Samaria, foretelling the evils that their sin would bring upon the people, and meeting courageously the opposition of the chief priest, Amaziah. His prophecy is full of images taken from the fields. It opens with denunciations of the neighboring countries and of his own, especially of Samaria, passes to a series of remarkable visions, and closes with a message of hope.

Obadiah

Nothing is known of the personal story of this prophet, nor is it definitely known when he prophesied, some thinking that he taught before Jeremiah and gave him the key for his prophecies regarding Edom, and others that he prophesied after the fall of Jerusalem. On that occasion the Edomites, hereditary foes of the Jews, rejoiced in the capture of their capital, and joined with the Assyrians to prevent their escape. Obadiah predicts their ruin, and that his nation would come to possess their kingdom,– a prophecy largely fulfilled not many decades afterward.

Jonah

This prophet was born in the northern kingdom. The legends connect him with Elijah and Elisha, and he was the prophet who (2 Kings 14:25) gave Jeroboam II. his encouraging predictions. All that is known about him in addition is told in this account of his disobedience, his final faithfulness, the preaching at Nineveh, and the repentance of the great city. Christ refers thrice to this book.

Micah

He was born in Philistia, and prophesied for some half a century, during the reigns of Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah, boldly condemning the sins of Judah. Jeremiah makes reference to him, and so do several books of the New Testament. Each of the three divisions of his prophecies begins with \hat{A} »' Hear ye," and with threatenings, and ends with comforting promises.

Nahum

Some think that he was an inhabitant of Galilee, and others that he was the son of one Of the captives in Assyria. Some think that he prophesied in the time of Hezekiah, and others that he belongs to the time of Manasseh and Amon and Josiah. The' burden of his prophecy is that Assyria is to be overthrown, and of this he makes three distinct predictions.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Have I received the Spirit? (Joel 2:28.)
- MONDAY Am I prepared to meet God? (Amos 4:12.)
- TUESDAY. "At ease in Zion" (Amos 6 redoes that describe my condition?
- WEDNESDAY "The pride of thine heart hath deceived thee" (Obadiah 3).
- THURSDAY "I will pay that which I have vowed" (Jonah 2:9).
- FRIDAY The terrible hiding of God's face (Mic. 3:4).
- SATURDAY My stronghold (Nahum 1:7).

- SUNDAY Note how great a share of this and the other books of the minor prophets is taken up with thought of an invasion.
- MONDAY Draw a map of the nations against which Amos prophesies, and pass a red line spirally over them in the order of the prophecy, ever drawing nearer to Samaria.
- TUESDAY. Underscore the passages in Amos that were suggested by his outdoor life.
- WEDNESDAY Compare Obadiah 1-9 with Jeremiah 49:7-22.
- THURSDAY Review the Bible dictionary account of Nineveh.
- FRIDAY Investigate the references to this book in the New Testament.
- SATURDAY Compare this prophecy with Jonah.

The Thirty-Seventh Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Habakkuk. *A talk with God*. Read the introductions to these books as you study them.
- MONDAY Zephaniah. The day of the Lord is near.
- TUESDAY. Haggai. Build the house!
- WEDNESDAY Zechariah, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. Visions of the night.
- THURSDAY Zechariah, chapters 5, 6, 7, 8, 9. The true fast.
- FRIDAY Zechariah, chapters 10, 11, 12, 13, 14. The Lord shall be King.
- SATURDAY Malachi. *The day cometh*.

Habakkuk

Nothing is known of him, hut from indications in his writings it is guessed that he was a Levite, that he prophesied in the reigns of Josiah and Jehoahaz, and that when Jerusalem fell he remained behind in his ruined country. The hook is largely in the shape of an appeal to God for help against the threatened invasion of the Assyrians, together with God's reply. Paul received from this hook his great watchword, "The just shall live by faith."

Zephaniah

He was a great-grandson of Hezekiah, and prophesied in the days of Josiah. Judea had partly turned to the true God, but idolatry still poisoned everything. Against this the prophet protests, adding strong appeals to the neighboring nations, and closing, as so many other prophets, with a word of hope, a prophecy of final victory.

Haggai

He was the first prophet after the exile, and when the rebuilding of the temple had been postponed for fourteen years through the machinations of the Samaritans, it was he who, in the three public addresses here recorded, spurred the people to complete their task. It is thought that he was older than Zechariah, who prophesied at the same time, and that he had seen the first temple.

Zechariah

Iddo, the priest, his grandfather, came with him from the exile, so that Zechariah must have been a young man when he prophesied. He began two months later than Haggai, and his prophecies cover two years, during which time he also was encouraging the people to complete the temple. The first portion of the book is occupied with visions colored with Persian imagery; the second part is a discussion of the nature of a true fast; and the third portion, which some think may have been written much earlier than the rest of the book, pictures the coming glory of the nation and the reign of the Messiah. Naturally there are many references to this book in the New Testament.

Malachi

He is called "the seal" of the prophets, being the last of the great series. Nothing is known of his history, though it is thought that he was a priest. He must have written after the second return, and probably he prophesied during the time when Nehemiah had returned to the Persian court and many abuses broke out. These abuses Malachi rebukes, especially the priestly corruption and the marriages with the heathen, and closes his prophecy and the Old Testament with a glorious anticipation of the coming Messiah.

- SUNDAY Be silent before God (Habakkuk 2:20).
- MONDAY God is just (Zephaniah 3:5).
- TUESDAY. I am with you (Haggai 2:4).
- WEDNESDAY Not by might, nor by power (Zechariah 4:6).

- THURSDAY Can I stand the test of Zechariah 8:16, 17?
- FRIDAY Let everything be holy (Zechariah 14:20).
- SATURDAY Is my name in the book of remembrance? (Malachi 3:16.)

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Study the important New Testament references to Habakkuk.
- MONDAY Review the reign of Josiah in 2 Kings 22 and 23, and 2 Chronicles 34 and 35.
- TUESDAY. Review Ezra.
- WEDNESDAY Make a study and a comparison of the visions of the prophets thus far read.
- THURSDAY Make a study of fasting as it is enjoined by the Old Testament.
- FRIDAY Gather up the most important references to the Messiah in the minor prophets.
- SATURDAY Study the Old Testament utterances on tithing.

The Thirty-Eighth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Review the minor prophets hastily, seeking to mark in each book the passage that seems to you most helpful.
- MONDAY Review rapidly the entire Old Testament, giving a name to each book. Find, if possible, a one-word name, such as "Genesis, Beginnings"; "Ruth, Fidelity"; "Daniel, Steadfastness."
- TUESDAY. Matthew, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. *Birth, Baptism, Temptation*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- WEDNESDAY Matthew, chapters 5, 6, 7. *The great discourse*.
- THURSDAY Matthew, chapters 8, 9. *Wonderful miracles*.
- FRIDAY Matthew, chapters 10, 11. *The disciples sent forth.*
- SATURDAY Matthew, chapters 12, 13. *Precious parables*.

Matthew

Of the four Gospels, written by the four evangelists, the first three are called the "synoptical" Gospels, because they present a view of Christ's life more or less

connected. John's supplements them. We know nothing of Matthew except that he was a Hebrew tax-collector, the circumstances of his call by Christ, and the story of his feast. It is said that he wrote first in Aramaic, but we have only the translation into Greek, which was made not long after the middle of the first century. The main purpose of the Gospel is to show his fellow Jews that Christ sums up in himself all they had expected and the prophets had foretold of the promised Messiah. Naturally, there are many quotations from the Old Testament– as many as 65.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Let me he hold in speaking for God.
- MONDAY How may I gain more from the Word of God?
- TUESDAY. Ways in which I can "prepare the way of the Lord."
- WEDNESDAY How many of the Beatitudes can I claim for myself?
- THURSDAY The touch of faith will make me whole.
- FRIDAY The fearful consequences of denying Christ.
- SATURDAY What kind of soil for the truth does my heart afford?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Write at the head of each of these twelve books a brief description of the prophet, such as, "Amos, the Herdman Prophet."
- MONDAY Make in your Bible a chronological table of the books of the Old Testament.
- TUESDAY. Review what the Old Testament says about the various ancestors of Christ.
- WEDNESDAY Find in the Old Testament verses that are parallel to each portion of the Sermon on the Mount, or contrasted with it.
- THURSDAY Study the matter of demon possession.
- FRIDAY Review in the Bible dictionary the entire story of John the Baptist.
- SATURDAY Obtain from chapter 13 a clear conception of what Christ meant by "the kingdom of heaven."

The Thirty-Ninth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Matt, chapters 14, ,15 16. Feeding the five thousand, etc.
- MONDAY Matthew, chapters 17, 18, 19. *The transfiguration*, etc.

- TUESDAY. Matthew, chapters 20, 21, 22. The entrance into Jerusalem, etc.
- WEDNESDAY Matthew, chapters 23, 24. *Teachings in the temple*.
- THURSDAY Matthew, chapters 25, 26. Gethsemane. The betrayal.
- FRIDAY Matthew, chapters 27, 28. *Death and resurrection*.
- SATURDAY Review Matthew, marking in the margin the passages you especially wish to remember.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Christ can use my little abilities to accomplish great things.
- MONDAY Let me humble myself and become as a little child.
- TUESDAY. Have I put on "the wedding garment"?
- WEDNESDAY Do I in any way come under the condemnation of the Pharisees?
- THURSDAY The use I am making of the talents given me by God.
- FRIDAY Christ died for me.
- SATURDAY Let me consider whether I am giving my life to Christ as his sacrifices for me demand.

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Study the geography of the Sea of Galilee and the surrounding country.
- MONDAY Besides the transfiguration, what light does the Bible shed on the appearance of the spiritual body?
- TUESDAY. Learn what you can about the temple and its services in the time of Christ.
- WEDNESDAY Learn all you can about the Pharisees.
- THURSDAY Study the system of trials in vogue among the Jews.
- FRIDAY Make a list giving in their probable order the events of Christ's life the week before his crucifixion.
- SATURDAY Study the passages in Matthew in which the evangelist makes reference to the Old Testament.

The Fortieth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Mark, chapters 1, 2. *John the Baptist*, etc. Read the introduction to the hook, given below.
- MONDAY Mark, chapters 3, 4, 5. *The apostles chosen*, etc.

- TUESDAY. Mark, chapters 6, 7. The Baptist beheaded, etc.
- WEDNESDAY Mark, chapters 8, 9. *The miraculous meal*, etc.
- THURSDAY Mark, chapters 10, 11. *The entrance to Jerusalem*, etc.
- FRIDAY Mark, chapters 12, 13. *Last teachings*.
- SATURDAY Mark, chapters 14, 15, 16. *The closing scenes*.

Mark

John Mark was the nephew or cousin of Barnabas, and though estranged from Paul at one time, he became his beloved friend. Peter is thought to have superintended the writing of this Gospel. The frequent explanations of Jewish terms, the omission of reference to Jewish law and of Christ's genealogy, and the use of several Latin words, all point to the purpose of the book to aid the Gentiles, and favor the tradition that it was written at Rome and for the Romans. It must have been written before the destruction of Jerusalem. Mark's great word is "immediately," which he uses forty-one times, and his Gospel is one of rapid movement and many graphic touches, impetuous as Peter himself.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY The baptism of the Holy Ghost is meant for me. Have I received it?
- MONDAY Is the house of my soul divided against itself?
- TUESDAY. Am I defiled by the thoughts of my heart?
- WEDNESDAY What shall a man give in exchange for his soul?
- THURSDAY How hard to trust in riches and be saved!
- FRIDAY "Ye know not when the time is."
- SATURDAY Christ died for my sins.

- SUNDAY Read the Bible-dictionary accounts of the smaller towns closely associated with Christ: Nazareth, Capernaum, Jericho, Bethany.
- MONDAY Study the list of the twelve Apostles, tracing each one of them through the New Testament, with the exception of John and Peter.
- TUESDAY. Get from the Bible dictionary a clear idea of the different Herods of the New Testament.
- WEDNESDAY Gather up the various accounts of healing of the blind and compare them.
- THURSDAY Study the relation between Christ and the temple as shown in all the Gospels.
- FRIDAY Gather up the events of Christ's life associated with the Mount of Olives.

• SATURDAY – Bring together in a single orderly list all of Christ's sayings upon the cross.

The Forty-First Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Review Mark, marking in the margin the passages you most desire to remember.
- MONDAY Luke, chapters 1, 2. The Bethlehem story. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- TUESDAY Luke, chapters 3, 4. John's preaching, etc.
- WEDNESDAY Luke, chapters 5, 6. The wonderful draft, etc.
- THURSDAY Luke, chapters 7, 8. The centurion's servant, etc.
- FRIDAY Luke, chapters 9, 10. The Twelve sent forth, etc.
- SATURDAY Luke, chapters 11, 12. Parables.

Luke

Luke, the physician, the friend of Paul and sharer in his imprisonments, may have been a manumitted slave and a Syrian of Antioch. His writings – the Gospel and the Acts – are the best history of the church we possess. The Gospel was probably written between A. D. 60 and A. D. 70. He used many sources of information, and doubtless he was more or less dominated by the spirit of Paul. The Gospel is intended for all, but especially for the Greeks. This is the most complete Gospel. In this Gospel women appear most often. It preserves for us a number of most beautiful hymns. It uses many words peculiar to Luke, which serve to bind together the Gospel and the Acts, and prove them to be by one author.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How earnestly am I trying to pattern my life after Christ's?
- MONDAY No word of God shall he void of power."
- TUESDAY I can conquer my temptations by the same means Christ used.
- WEDNESDAY How much Christ evidently gained from secret prayer! (5:16, etc.)
- THURSDAY Why cannot I have the centurion's faith?
- FRIDAY "He that is least among you all, the same is great."
- SATURDAY Can I honestly pray the Lord's Prayer?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Mark and study the passages in which Mark uses "straightway."
- MONDAY Study the Jewish temple ceremonies concerning young children.
- TUESDAY Compare Luke's and Matthew's genealogy of Christ.
- WEDNESDAY Gather up the Gospel references to the Publicans.
- THURSDAY Make a study of the instances in which Christ raised persons from the dead.
- FRIDAY Study and compare the three accounts of the transfiguration.
- SATURDAY Gather up Christ's sayings concerning the Pharisees.

The Forty-Second Week
Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Luke, chapters 13, 14. Healing on the Sabbath, etc.
- MONDAY Luke, chapters 15, 16. *The prodigal son*, etc.
- TUESDAY Luke, chapters 17, 18. Forgiveness, etc.
- WEDNESDAY Luke, chapters 19, 20. Zacchaeus, etc.
- THURSDAY Luke, chapters 21, 22. The betrayal.
- FRIDAY Luke, chapters 23, 24. Death and resurrection.
- SATURDAY Review Luke hastily, marking the passages that you most wish to remember.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Am I seeking the narrow door?
- MONDAY Am I "faithful in the unrighteous mammon"?
- TUESDAY "Lord, increase my faith."
- WEDNESDAY Render unto God the things that are God's.
- THURSDAY "In your patience ye shall win your souls."
- FRIDAY How my life denies Christ.
- SATURDAY "Socrates died like a man; Jesus Christ died like a God."

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Make a brief summary of Christ's teachings regarding the Sabbath.
- MONDAY Gather together Christ's sayings concerning riches.
- TUESDAY What were Christ's teachings regarding little children?
- WEDNESDAY Compare the parable of the pounds with the parable of the talents.
- THURSDAY Compare the different accounts of the Lord's Supper in the New Testament.
- FRIDAY Study the history of Pilate.
- SATURDAY Note in a Gospel harmony how many incidents are related by Luke alone.

The Forty-Third Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY John, chapters 1, 2. *The Word*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- MONDAY John, chapters 3, 4. *The second birth*.
- TUESDAY John, chapters 5, 6. Bethesda.
- WEDNESDAY John, chapters 7, 8. The Sabbath question.
- THURSDAY John, chapters 9, 10, 11, The blind man. Lazarus.
- FRIDAY John, chapters 12, 13, 14. Hosanna!
- SATURDAY John, chapters 15, 16. The last discourse.

John

This Gospel was certainly written by the Beloved Disciple, and probably between A. D. 80 and A. D. 90. The place where he wrote was doubtless Ephesus. The book duplicates comparatively little of the material of the other Gospels, and where it does so, it adds many interesting details. John gives no parables, omits the accounts of the birth, baptism, temptation, transfiguration, and ascension. On the other hand, his Gospel is rich in noble discourses, and above all, in the wonderful final discourse of the Master. If it were not for John, we

should know little about any but a single year of Christ's ministry, and the scenes in Galilee. John's is the great spiritual and doctrinal Gospel.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Behold, the Lamb of God!
- MONDAY Ye must be born anew.
- TUESDAY I am the Bread of Life.
- WEDNESDAY The sinner is the bond-servant of sin.
- THURSDAY I am the Good Shepherd.
- FRIDAY What ointment am I pouring upon the feet of Jesus?
- SATURDAY "Be of good cheer; I have overcome the world."

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Group together and study Christ's miracles over nature.
- MONDAY Make a study of Christ's conversations.
- TUESDAY Make a list of the things to which Christ compared himself.
- WEDNESDAY Study Christ's statements of his own divinity.
- THURSDAY What was Christ's estimate of his own miracles?
- FRIDAY Study the evidences throughout this Gospel that it was written by John.
- SATURDAY Study the doctrine of the Holy Spirit as it is revealed in John's Gospel.

The Forty-Fourth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY John, chapters 17, 18. The trial.
- MONDAY John, chapters 19, 20, 21. The closing scenes.
- TUESDAY Review the Gospel of John, marking in the margin the passages that seem to you to be most precious.
- WEDNESDAY Review the four Gospels hastily, reminding yourself again of the special characteristics of each.
- THURSDAY Acts, chapters 1, 2, 3. Pentecost. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- FRIDAY Acts, chapters 4, 5. Ananias.
- SATURDAY Acts, chapters 6, 7, 8. Deacons. Stephen. Philip.

Acts

This book was written by Luke, who dedicated it to the same man – Theophilus– whom he named in his Gospel. The book of Acts has been called "the Gospel of the Spirit." Luke probably wrote it at Rome, and about A. D. 62, since the history closes about A. D. 61, and since the fall of Jerusalem is not alluded to. The Greek title, "Acts," or "Acts of Apostles," is more correct than "the Acts of the Apostles," as the lives of only two apostles are treated, and the book may well be divided at chapter 13:3 between the acts of Peter and the acts of Paul.

For Meditation as You Read

• SUNDAY – Christ sends me into the world, even as He was sent (17:18).

- MONDAY "Receive ye the Holy Ghost" (20:22).
- TUESDAY John was the Beloved Disciple because he was the loving disciple. .
- WEDNESDAY These are written that believing ye might have life."
- THURSDAY Ye shall receive power when the Holy Ghost is come upon you " (Acts 1:8).
- FRIDAY God requires absolute truth in heart and life.
- SATURDAY Would I have had Stephen's courage?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Make an analysis of the prayer recorded in chapter 17.
- MONDAY What facts about the forty days following the resurrection, additional to those given in the other Gospels, does John give?
- TUESDAY Make a list of the discourses in John that are not given elsewhere, and discover their general character.
- WEDNESDAY Go through the Gospels with a harmony, and mark in each, with a peculiar color, the matters that are recorded in that Gospel only.
- THURSDAY Look up the evidences that the Gospel of Luke and the Acts were written by the same person.
- FRIDAY Study in the other portions of the New Testament what is meant by the saying that the early Christians had all things in common.
- SATURDAY Learn what the New Testament teaches about the office of deacon.

The Forty-Fifth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Acts, chapters 9, 10. *Paul converted. Peter's dream*.
- MONDAY Acts, chapters 11, 12, 13. The first missionary journey.
- TUESDAY Acts, chapters 14, 15. The first church council.
- WEDNESDAY Acts, chapters 16, 17. The entrance into Europe.
- THURSDAY Acts, chapters 18, 19. Corinth and Ephesus.
- FRIDAY Acts, chapters 20, 21. Paul's arrest.
- SATURDAY Acts, chapters 22, 23. Paul's trial.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Paul's conversion is an absolute proof of the truth of the gospel.
- MONDAY Cannot I aspire to the character of Barnabas (11:24)?
- TUESDAY Am I like John Mark? (15:38.)
- WEDNESDAY Can I not sing, like Paul and Silas, in the midst of my troubles?
- THURSDAY God gives me the same injunction he gave Paul in Acts 18:9.
- FRIDAY Let me face danger as Paul faced it.
- SATURDAY I will take for an example of meekness Paul's reply in 23:5.

- SUNDAY Study the traces in the later parts of the New Testament of Peter's remaining Jewish prejudices.
- MONDAY Trace Barnabas through the New Testament.
- TUESDAY Make a map showing the course of Paul's first missionary journey.
- WEDNESDAY Make a map showing Paul's second missionary journey.
- THURSDAY Study what Paul says in his writings about the doctrine of the Holy Ghost.

- FRIDAY Study the New Testament idea of prophecy.
- SATURDAY Compare the three accounts of Paul's conversion given in the New Testament.

The Forty-Sixth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Acts, chapters 24, 25, 26. Felix. Festus. Agrippa.
- MONDAY Acts, chapters 27, 28. *The voyage to Rome*.
- TUESDAY Review Acts, giving titles to the chapters.
- WEDNESDAY Romans, chapters 1, 2, 3. *Justification by faith*. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- THURSDAY Romans, chapters 4,5, 6, 7. Reconciled by Christ.
- FRIDAY Romans, chapters 8, 9. No condemnation.
- SATURDAY Romans, chapters 10, 11, 12, 13. Put ye on the Lord Jesus Christ.

Romans

When at Corinth in his missionary journey, A. D. 58, Paul took advantage of Phoebe's going to Rome to send by her a letter to the brethren whom he had been planning to visit. Some of these brethren probably had been converted on the Day of Pentecost, and others Paul may have met on his journeys. He had just written to the Galatians, and in his letter continues and expounds more fully the great doctrine of justification by faith. Much of the letter is taken up with the questions which would perplex Christians in Rome, such as God's design for the future of the Jews, and the relation of Christians to idolatrous practices. The letter closes with many practical exhortations.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Do not be disobedient unto the heavenly vision.
- MONDAY "God, whose I am and whom I serve."
- TUESDAY Why may I not have the same zeal and success as the early disciples and apostles?
- WEDNESDAY In judging another I condemn myself.
- THURSDAY The good of sorrow (5:1-5).
- FRIDAY If God is for me, who is against me?
- SATURDAY In honor preferring one another.

- SUNDAY Study the life history of the rulers mentioned in these chapters.
- MONDAY Make for yourself an outline map of Paul's journey to Rome.
- TUESDAY Divide the history of the early church, as given in Acts, into six or seven eras, and mark them in the margin of your Bible.
- WEDNESDAY Review the origin of the rite of circumcision and its meaning to the Jewish church.
- THURSDAY Study the New Testament teachings regarding baptism and its meanings.
- FRIDAY What are the characteristics of Paul's literary style?
- SATURDAY What is the attitude of the New Testament toward worldly authorities? (Chapter 13.)

The Forty-Seventh Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Romans, chapters 14, 15, 16. Doubtful disputations.
- MONDAY 1 Corinthians, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. *Is Christ divided*? Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- TUESDAY 1 Corinthians, chapters 6, 7, 8, 9. Many injunctions.
- WEDNESDAY 1 Corinthians, chapters 10, 11, 12, 13. *Love never faileth*.
- THURSDAY 1 Corinthians, chapters 14, 15, 16. O death, where is thy sting?
- FRIDAY 2 Corinthians, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. Forgive. Read the introduction to the book, given below.
- SATURDAY 2 Corinthians, chapters 5, 6, 7, 8, 9. *Ministry*.

First Corinthians

From Ephesus, A. D. 57, during his third missionary journey, Paul wrote this letter to the church which he had established at Corinth five years before. Corinth, in the focus of trade east and west, north and south, was a cosmopolitan city, and the church was made up of many different classes who soon split into parties, the Jews favoring Peter, others Paul, others Apollos, others simply Christ. Paul writes to counsel unity and also to rebuke the excesses of the church. The immediate cause of the letter was the coming to Paul of a committee from the church at Corinth, whose many questions the apostle here answers,

The closing chapters of this book reach the loftiest eloquence, the deepest philosophy.

Second Corinthians

Forced from Ephesus by the riot, Paul went to Macedonia, where Titus found him and told him of the effect of his first letter to Corinth. In the main his reproofs and injunctions had been heeded, but the Jewish party, reinforced by some high authority, had been attacking him with great violence and malice. Thereupon Paul wrote this sturdy epistle as a defense. It constitutes a magnificent picture of his strenuous life. The date was early in A. D. 58, and the place of writing was probably Philippi.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY None of us liveth to himself.
- MONDAY I am God's fellow worker (3:9).
- TUESDAY My body is the temple of the Holy Ghost.
- WEDNESDAY Have I such love as Paul describes in the wonderful chapter 13?
- THURSDAY Quit you like a man; be strong.
- FRIDAY I will look not at the things which are seen, but at the things which are not seen.
- SATURDAY I would become a new creature in Christ.

- SUNDAY Study the evidences throughout the New Testament of Paul's consecration and self-denial.
- MONDAY Re-read the account of the founding of the church at Corinth.
- TUESDAY Trace Paul's teachings regarding bodily purity throughout his writings.
- WEDNESDAY Study all the New Testament references to the Lord's Supper.
- THURSDAY Learn so far as you can through the New Testament what was the nature of the gift of tongues.

- FRIDAY The New Testament teaching regarding forgiveness compared with the teaching of the Old Testament.
- SATURDAY Look up all the references to this collection for the poor in Jerusalem.

The Forty-Eighth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 2 Corinthians, chapters 10, 11, 12, 13. *I must needs glory*.
- MONDAY Review Romans and First and Second Corinthians, underscoring the words that will indicate the progress of the argument.
- TUESDAY Galatians, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. *The old covenant fulfilled*. Read the introduction to the hook, given below.
- WEDNESDAY Galatians, chapters 5, 6. Eph., chapters 1, 2, 3. *No more strangers*. Read the introduction to Ephesians.
- THURSDAY Eph. 4, 5, 6. Put away the old man.
- FRIDAY Philippians. The peace of God. Read the introduction.
- SATURDAY Colossians. Holding fast the Head. Read the introduction.

Galatians

In A. D. 58, either in Macedonia or after he had gone down to Corinth, Paul wrote to the Christians in Galatia, a church he had founded in A. D. 52, while detained there by sickness on his second missionary journey, afterwards visiting it on his third journey. The country was settled by Gauls driven from Italy and Greece, hut Greeks' Romans, and Jews had come to live among them. The Jews had made trouble in the church by insisting on circumcision and the Mosaic law, and declaring Paul nothing as compared with Peter. Paul wrote this letter to show how the coming of Christ had introduced a new dispensation, not of law, but of grace; and he gives his first sketch of the doctrine of justification by faith and not by works.

Ephesians

This was written from Rome about A. D. 63, during Paul's first imprisonment. Paul had lived three years in the luxurious Asiatic capital of Ephesus, and had done much to break the power of the great temple of Diana. There are no personal greetings in the letter, and so it is believed to have been a circular one, intended to be passed around among several churches. It is an epistle of general exhortation and counsel, especially fitted to those that had lately come from heathenism and were still exposed to its temptations.

Philippians

This, like the preceding, was written from Rome during Paul's first imprisonment. It is a letter of gratitude sent by Epaphroditus, who had brought to Paul some generous gifts from the church. This church was the first established in Europe. Read the story in the Acts of the conversion of Lydia and afterwards of the jailer and his family. We have knowledge that Paul visited this church at least twice again.

Colossians

This letter also was written at Rome during Paul's first imprisonment, and it was sent by Tychicus and Onesimus, who were going to Asia. Epaphras from Colossae had visited Paul at Rome, and told him about his fellow Colossians whom Paul had never seen. Epaphras himself may have brought them the gospel from Paul while the apostle was at Ephesus. Paul's main purpose in the letter was to warn the Colossian Christians against a heresy that had crept into their church.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY I will bring every thought into captivity to Christ.
- MONDAY Do I ponder enough over divine truth as it is found in the Bible?
- TUESDAY No longer I, but Christ liveth in me.
- WEDNESDAY Whatsoever I sow, that shall I also reap.
- THURSDAY Am I grieving the Holy Spirit of God?
- FRIDAY Have I the peace of God which passeth all understanding?
- SATURDAY "Set your mind on the things that are above."

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Compare Paul's account of his sufferings with the history, and see how much must have been left unrecorded.
- MONDAY Make a study of the argument of Romans and condense it into as few sentences as possible.
- TUESDAY Trace through the New Testament Paul's struggle with the Judaizing party.
- WEDNESDAY Review in the Acts the story of Paul's stay at Ephesus.
- THURSDAY Make a list from Paul's writings of the principal temptations that had to be faced by Christian converts from heathenism.
- FRIDAY Review in the Acts the circumstances of the founding of the church at Philippi.
- SATURDAY Make a list of the principal heresies which, as the New Testament shows, disturbed the early church.

The Forty-Ninth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY First Thessalonians. *A faithful church*. Read, with each book of the week, the introduction given below.
- MONDAY Second Thessalonians. *The second coming*.
- TUESDAY Review Paul's letters, from Galatians to Second Thessalonians, giving titles to the chapters.
- WEDNESDAY First Timothy. A young minister.
- THURSDAY Second Timothy. Paul's last letter.
- FRIDAY Titus. Christian work under difficulties.
- SATURDAY Philemon. Justice and mercy.

First Thessalonians

This is Paul's earliest epistle, being written at Corinth late in A. D. 52, in the course of his second missionary journey. The preceding year Paul and Silas had founded the church in this large commercial center, first laboring with the Jews and then turning to the Gentiles. From this church Silas and Timothy came to Paul at Corinth, and told him many good things about the Thessalonians; but also some bad news, especially that,

through looking for the immediate coming of Christ in the heavens, many of them had given up work and fallen into disorder. Paul wrote to correct these abuses.

Second Thessalonians

This second epistle was also written from Corinth, and not long after the first. It is occupied with the same theme as the first letter, for Paul had learned that the Christians of Thessalonica were still excited and disturbed over the expected second advent.

First Timothy

After the first imprisonment at Home, which Timothy shared with him, Paul returned to Asia Minor with this beloved young man and established him in charge of the church at Ephesus. This was a very difficult post on account of the licentious worship of Diana at the great temple, and because of heresies which had crept into the church itself. This letter, written by Paul probably from Macedonia, for which he had left Asia Minor, is a general epistle of instruction on the conduct of his ministry. The date lies between 64 and 67 A, D.

Second Timothy

This is the last of Paul's writings. It was written during his second imprisonment at Rome, between 66 and 68 A. D. It gives some particulars we should not otherwise know about this second imprisonment and trial, and about Paul's life and the condition of the church between his first and this final imprisonment. Though urging Timothy to make all speed to Rome, Paul knows that he may never see the young man again, and sends him some earnest parting messages.

Titus

Titus, a Greek, was in charge of the church in Crete; a church exposed to many dangers from the lying, immorality, and fickleness of the people. Paul wrote this letter at some time between A. D. 64 and A. D. 67, to give him just about such counsel as he gave Timothy in his first letter to him. Probably Paul had won Titus on his first missionary journey. He was not circumcised, and Paul took him up to that momentous council at Jerusalem, that the necessity for circumcision might be decided. Paul had sent him several times as his ambassador to Corinth.

Philemon

This is the only one of Paul's letters which is of a strictly private and personal nature, and yet it is full of beauty and instruction. Onesimus, a runaway slave, was converted by Paul at Rome. Paul induced him to go back to his former master, Philemon, a Christian of Colossse, there to receive whatever punishment might be inflicted. He was sending by Tychicus a letter to the church at Colossae, and gave him also this letter to explain matters to Philemon and beg his favor on behalf of Onesimus.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY Pray without ceasing (1 Thessalonians 5:17).
- MONDAY Have I "the patience of Christ"? (2 Thessalonians 3:5.)
- TUESDAY Am I in any point growing "weary in well doing"? (2 Thessalonians 3:13.)
- WEDNESDAY What profit am I gaining from my religion? (1 Timothy 4:8.)
- THURSDAY How I may rid myself of worldly entanglements (2 Timothy 2:4).
- FRIDAY My blessed hope (Titus 2:13).

• SATURDAY – How much of my time am I spending in practical helpfulness toward others?

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Read in the Acts the account of the founding of the church in Thessalonica.
- MONDAY Study what Christ himself said about his second coming.
- TUESDAY What peculiarities can you discover that are common to all of Paul's letters to the churches?
- WEDNESDAY What idea can you gain from Paul's writings as to the organization of the early church?
- THURSDAY Make a study of Paul's salutations contained in his letters.
- FRIDAY Gather up Paul's references to women, and study them in the light of the conditions of the times.
- SATURDAY Study in the light of the times Paul's attitude toward slavery.

The Fiftieth Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Hebrews, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. The great High Priest. Read the introduction to each hook before the book is read.
- MONDAY Hebrews, chapters 7, 8, 9, 10. The new covenant.
- TUESDAY Hebrews, chapters 11, 12, 13. The catalogue of faith.
- WEDNESDAY Review Paul's letters, from First Timothy to Hebrews, giving titles to the chapters.
- THURSDAY James, chapters 1, 2, 3, 4. Practical precepts.
- FRIDAY James, chapter 5; 1 Peter, chapters 1, 2. A peculiar people.
- SATURDAY 1 Peter, chapters 3, 4, 5. Christian duties.

Hebrews

It is not known who wrote this epistle– possibly Paul, since the thought and language are in some points like his; but it has been attributed to Luke, to Apollos, to Barnabas. Various indications point to a date between A. D. 64 and A. D. 67. At any rate, it was written before the fall of Jerusalem, as it speaks of the temple worship as still going on. It was written probably to the Hebrew Christians of Palestine, and to comfort them in their persecutions. They had lost, in accepting Christ, much that was sacred to them. Paul devotes himself to showing how far Christ is superior to them all– to angels, Moses, the ancient priesthood, taking these points in order. The apostle goes on to contrast the glorious new covenant with the old one, and closes with a splendid picture of faith and of other virtues.

James

The author of this epistle, our Lord's brother according to the flesh, was a Jew of the stricter sort, and in his letter urges the most sincere and thorough-going Christian living. The letter is the first of the "general epistles,"– those of James, Peter, John, and Jude,– so called because they are not addressed to any particular church. The letter of James, for instance, was written for all the Christian Jews that had been scattered from Jerusalem over the world. It is a letter full of the most practical wisdom.

First Peter

Peter's later work, after that in Palestine with which the Acts makes us acquainted, was in Asia Minor; and this letter is addressed to the Jewish Christians of those provinces. Several references in the letter seem to show that the Christians were then undergoing persecution– probably that instigated by Nero; and this epistle was written to convert and encourage them. The date may be about 63 A. D.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY My help in temptation (Hebrews 2:18).
- MONDAY My sins in God's presence (Hebrews 10:31).
- TUESDAY The unseen cloud of witnesses (Hebrews 12:1, 2).
- WEDNESDAY The uses of sorrow (Hebrews 12:5-11).
- THURSDAY Can my religion stand James's test? (James 1:27.)
- FRIDAY In sorrow and joy (James 5:13).
- SATURDAY How should I be a partaker of Christ's sufferings? (1 Peter 4:13.)

For Further Study If You Have Time

- SUNDAY Make a list of the most important changes Christianity would work in the religion of a converted Jew.
- MONDAY Study the many ways in which the Mosaic ritual and the temple pointed forward to Christ.
- TUESDAY What names can you add from the Old Testament to the catalogue of the heroes of faith?
- WEDNESDAY Study the arguments for and against the Pauline authorship of the letter to the Hebrews.
- THURSDAY Look up and clearly distinguish in your mind the different Jameses mentioned in the New Testament.
- FRIDAY In connection with 1 Peter 1:20 learn what the Bible says about Christ as a part of God's plan of redemption.
- SATURDAY In connection with chapter 3, study what the New Testament says about the relation of husband and wife.

The Fifty-First Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY 2 Peter. *The great addition*. Read the introduction to each book before the book is read.
- MONDAY 1 John. God is love.
- TUESDAY 2 John. Love one another.
- WEDNESDAY 3 John. Fellow workers.
- THURSDAY Jude. *Contend for the faith*.
- FRIDAY Review the General Epistles, giving titles to the chapters, and mark the passages you especially wish to remember.
- SATURDAY Revelation, chapters 1, 2, 3. The messages to the churches.

Second Peter

This letter was probably addressed to the same persons for whom Peter wrote his former epistle; and though the date is uncertain, several references in the letter point to a time just before Peter's death. The epistle is an exhortation to faith in a well-proved gospel. Peter's reference to Paul is most noteworthy.

First John

This, "the most independent of place and time and circumstance of all the writings in the New Testament," is an appendix to the Gospel of John, being a further unfolding of many of the unique truths there set forth. John probably wrote it at Ephesus toward the close of his long life; that is, in one of the last years of the first century. It was quite certainly written for the churches in Asia, to which the apostle ministered.

Second John

This very brief letter repeats some of the teachings of the first epistle. It is addressed to " the elect lady and her children," by which some think John meant the church, and others think he meant an actual person. Neither explanation is wholly satisfactory. Date and place of writing are also unknown, though probably the same as those of the first letter.

Third John

Several persons named Gaius or Caius are mentioned in the New Testament, but none of these can be identified with the person to whom John wrote this letter. There is no reason for assigning it to a date or place different from those of the first two epistles.

Jude

The Jude who wrote this epistle was doubtless the brother of our Lord according to the flesh, and therefore the brother of the James who wrote the epistle we have just read. Probably he is addressing the same audience that James addressed –the depressed Jewish Christians, whom he urges to hold fast to the faith in spite of false teachers and many temptations. A comparison of this epistle with the second letter of Peter will show many points of similarity.

The Revelation

The Revelation, pr the "Apocalypse," is the only prophetic book in the New Testament. It was undoubtedly written by John, and probably during his exile on the island of Patmos. There is the widest divergence of belief, however, as to the date of the writing, some thinking it was written possibly as early as A. D. 68, others placing it near the close of John's life. There are many points of agreement in the thoughts and the spirit of the Gospel and the Revelation, but the former is written in much purer Greek than the latter. After a brief introduction, followed by the messages to the seven churches of Asia Minor, the greater part of the book is occupied with seven series of visions. The meaning of many of these is undetermined, though the general teaching– the ultimate triumph of the church– is entirely clear; and the book is full of comfort and inspiration.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY How far have I gone in Peter's addition table? (2 Peter 1:5-7.)
- MONDAY Am I " laying down my life " (1 John 3:16) for any one?
- TUESDAY How closely am I " abiding in the teaching of Christ "? (2 John 9.)
- WEDNESDAY How much am I doing " for the sake of the Name " (3 John 7)?
- THURSDAY "Without spot or blemish" (Jude 23,24).
- FRIDAY How wonderfully all these evidences and memorials of Christ and of the early church have been preserved for us!
- SATURDAY Which of the seven churches am I most like?

- SUNDAY Scan the epistles of Peter for hidden references to his life with Christ, and for tokens of his character as disclosed by the Gospels.
- MONDAY Trace the correspondence between First John and John's Gospel.
- TUESDAY See how much of the thought of Second John you can find in First John.
- WEDNESDAY Look up the other persons named Gaius or Caius in the New Testament.
- THURSDAY Look up the references in the Gospels to our Lord's brethren.
- FRIDAY Make in your Bible a table of all the Epistles, arranging them in their probable chronological order.
- SATURDAY Study what is known about the history of the seven churches, and the fulfillment of this prediction concerning them.

The Fifty-Second Week

Sections for Daily Reading

- SUNDAY Revelation, chapters 4, 5, 6, 7, 8. *The seven seals*.
- MONDAY Revelation, chapters 9, 10, 11, 12. *The seven angels*.
- TUESDAY Revelation, chapters 13, 14, 15, 16. *The seven plagues*.
- WEDNESDAY Revelation, chapters 17, 18, 19. *The scarlet woman*.
- THURSDAY Revelation, chapters 20, 21, 22. *The New Jerusalem*.
- FRIDAY Review Revelation, marking the beginning of each new series of visions.
- SATURDAY Glance rapidly over the entire New Testament, reviewing swiftly the general character and purpose of each book.
- Day 8. Pass in turn to each of the sixty-six books of the Bible, that you may gain some impression of all the riches with which you have become acquainted during the year.

For Meditation as You Read

- SUNDAY God's holiness (Revelation 4:8).
- MONDAY Christ's eternal reign (Revelation 11:15).
- TUESDAY What kind of death am I preparing for myself? (Revelation 14:13.)
- WEDNESDAY My joy in heaven (Revelation 19:9).
- THURSDAY Am I sure of heaven?
- FRIDAY Am I ready for the day when character will be fixed forever? (Revelation 22:11.)
- SATURDAY "The Spirit and the bride say, Come."
- Day 8. "Amen; come, Lord Jesus."

- SUNDAY Trace through the Revelation the use of the mystic number " seven."
- MONDAY Study the conception of angels here and in the other books of the Bible.
- TUESDAY Study the references to Babylon throughout the Revelation, and their probable meaning.
- WEDNESDAY Bring together the descriptions of Christ and of God scattered throughout the Revelation; what are their common characteristics?
- THURSDAY What characteristics of heaven are indicated by these glorious symbols of the Revelation?
- FRIDAY What points has the Revelation in common with the other writings of John?
- SATURDAY Make a list of the books of the New Testament in the order of your familiarity with them, and then set yourself to becoming better acquainted with those less known.
- Day 8. Do the same, afterward, for the books of the Old Testament.

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How Can You Find Peace With God?

The most important thing to grasp is that no one is made right with God by the good things he or she might do. Justification is by faith only, and that faith resting on what Jesus Christ did. It is by believing and trusting in His one-time *substitutionary* death for your sins.

Read your Bible steadily. God works His power in human beings through His Word. Where the Word is, God the Holy Spirit is always present.

Suggested Reading: New Testament Conversions by Pastor George Gerberding

Benediction

Now unto him that is able to keep you from falling, and to present you faultless before the presence of his glory with exceeding joy, To the only wise God our Savior, be glory and majesty, dominion and power, both now and ever. Amen. (Jude 1:24-25)

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